JOINT MEETING<br>HWRSD SCHOOL COMMITTEE \& HAMILTON \& WENHAM BOARD OF SELECTMEN

## Buker Elementary School Multi-Purpose Room

Thursday, May 11, 2017
7:00 PM

## 1. Call to Order 7:00

2. Pledge of Allegiance
3. Discussion
A. Apportionment Formula

- Review of existing data (historical actuals and projected forecasts)
- Initial discussion of potential changes to apportionment formula, including alternative measures
- Proposal for shared enrollment study focused on specific enrollment demographics in each town
B. Selection of Committee Members
- Initial discussion of potential for minimum representation from each town on the committee
- Proposed change in methodology of nominations from District Secretary to Town Clerks
C. Process for further evaluation and discussion of options to potential changes to district agreement
D. Formation and direction of the Longmeadow Joint Study Committee

4. Vote to Adjourn

9:30

Secretary: Kerry Gertz, HWRSC

## Hamilton Wenham Regional School District

## Multiple Year Apportionment Scenario Analysis

Based Entirely on Resident Student Enrollment Figures*

| FY | Assessment \$ | Scenario 1-3 Yr Avg |  | Scenario 2-6 Yr Avg |  | Scenario 3-1 Yr |  | Variance: Scenario 2 vs 1 |  | Variance: Scenario 3 vs 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Hamilton | Wenham | Hamilton | Wenham | Hamilton | Wenham | Hamilton | Wenham | Hamilton | Wenham |
| FY18 Est | \$26,607,448 | \$17,401,667 | \$9,205,781 | \$17,878,159 | \$8,729,289 | \$17,192,980 | \$9,414,468 | \$476,492 | $(\$ 476,492)$ | $(\$ 208,687)$ | \$208,687 |
| FY17 | \$26,268,391 | \$17,494,135 | \$8,774,256 | \$17,814,252 | \$8,454,139 | \$17,177,790 | \$9,090,601 | \$320,116 | $(\$ 320,116)$ | ( $\$ 316,345$ ) | \$316,345 |
| FY16 | \$25,002,902 | \$16,993,074 | \$8,009,828 | \$17,020,979 | \$7,981,923 | \$16,545,830 | \$8,457,072 | \$27,905 | (\$27,905) | $(\$ 447,244)$ | \$447,244 |
| FY15 | \$24,478,847 | \$16,867,777 | \$7,611,070 | \$16,695,099 | \$7,783,748 | \$16,691,983 | \$7,786,864 | $(\$ 172,678)$ | \$172,678 | $(\$ 175,794)$ | \$175,794 |
| FY14 | \$22,005,920 | \$15,181,299 | \$6,824,621 | \$14,993,194 | \$7,012,726 | \$15,286,555 | \$6,719,365 | $(\$ 188,106)$ | \$188,106 | \$105,256 | $(\$ 105,256)$ |
| FY13 | \$22,914,355 | \$15,623,796 | \$7,290,559 | \$15,573,963 | \$7,340,392 | \$15,625,165 | \$7,289,190 | (\$49,832) | \$49,832 | \$1,369 | $(\$ 1,369)$ |
| FY12 | \$23,379,940 | \$15,787,401 | \$7,592,539 | \$15,866,172 | \$7,513,768 | \$15,471,824 | \$7,908,116 | \$78,771 | (\$78,771) | (\$315,576) | \$315,576 |
| FY11 | \$23,981,803 | \$16,144,532 | \$7,837,271 | \$16,316,854 | \$7,664,949 | \$15,682,513 | \$8,299,290 | \$172,322 | (\$172.322) | ( $\$ 462,019$ ) | \$462,019 |

*Scenarios are based strictly on Resident StudentEnrollment. Scenarios do not factor in the impact of the unique apportionment calculation of Capital Costs for the HS/MS Project

Hamilton Wenham Regional School District
Historic Data: Resident Student Enrollment \& Percentages

|  | Hamilton | Wenham | District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10/1/2004 | 1,455 | 642 | 2,097 |
| 10/1/2005 | 1,391 | 644 | 2,035 |
| 10/1/2006 | 1,372 | 634 | 2,006 |
| 10/1/2007 | 1,330 | 632 | 1,962 |
| 10/1/2008 | 1,306 | 641 | 1,947 |
| 10/1/2009 | 1,280 | 628 | 1,908 |
| 10/1/2010 | 1,267 | 584 | 1.851 |
| 10/1/2011 | 1,274 | 571 | 1,845 |
| 10/1/2012 | 1,274 | 560 | 1,834 |
| 10/1/2013 | 1,224 | 571 | 1,795 |
| 10/1/2014 | 1.168 | 597 | 1,765 |
| 10/1/2015 | 1,147 | 607 | 1,754 |
| 10/1/2016 | 1,114 | 610 | 1,724 |


| Hamilton | Wenham | District |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $69.38 \%$ | $30.62 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $68.35 \%$ | $31.65 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $68.39 \%$ | $31.61 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $67.79 \%$ | $32.21 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $67.08 \%$ | $32.92 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $67.09 \%$ | $32.91 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $68.45 \%$ | $31.55 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $69.05 \%$ | $30.95 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $69.47 \%$ | $30.53 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $68.19 \%$ | $31.81 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $66.18 \%$ | $33.82 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $65.39 \%$ | $34.61 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |
| $64.62 \%$ | $35.38 \%$ | $100.00 \%$ |


| 10/1/2016 (FY18B Est) | 65.40\% | 34.60\% | 5,243 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10/1/2015 (FY17B) | 66.60\% | 33.40\% | 5,314 |
| 10/1/2014 (FY16B) | 67.96\% | 32.04\% | 5,394 |
| 10/1/2013 (FY15B) | 68.91\% | 31.09\% | 5,474 |
| 10/1/2012 (FY14B) | 68.99\% | 31.01\% | 5,530 |
| 10/1/2011 (FY13B) | 68.18\% | 31.82\% | 5,604 |
| 10/1/2010 (FY12B) | 67.53\% | 32.47\% | 5,706 |
| 10/1/2009 (FY11B) | 67.32\% | 32.68\% | 5,817 |
| 10/1/2008 (FY10B) | 67.76\% | 32.24\% | 5,915 |
| 10/1/2007 (FY09B) | 68.18\% | 31.82\% | 6,003 |
| 1011/2006 (FYOBB) | 68.72\% | 31.28\% | 6,138 |
| Trailing 6 Year \% Proforma (Proposed Methodologyl: |  |  |  |
| 10/1/2016 (FY18B Est) | 67.19\% | 32.81\% | 10,717 |
| 10/1/2015 (FY17B) | 67.82\% | 32.18\% | 10,844 |
| 10/1/2014 (FY16B) | 68.08\% | 31.92\% | 10,998 |
| 10/1/2013 (FY15B) | 68.20\% | 31.80\% | 11,180 |
| 10/1/2012 (FY14B) | 68.13\% | 31.87\% | 11,347 |
| 10/1/2011 (FY13B) | 67.97\% | 32.03\% | 11,519 |
| 10/1/2010 (FY12B) | 67.86\% | 32.14\% | 11,709 |
| 10/1/2009 (FY11B) | 68.04\% | 31.96\% | 11,955 |

## McKibben Demographic Research, LLC

March 29, 2017

Dr. Michael Harvey, Superintendent<br>Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District<br>5 School St.<br>Wenham, MA 01984<br>Dear Dr Harvey:

Please consider this letter a proposal for the following demographic work to be completed for the Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District. The work will include the following:

1. Population estimates/forecasts for the years 2015, 2020 and 2025 by age, sex, and total population for the town of Hamilton, the town of Wenham and the Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District.
2. Enrollment forecasts by grade for the years 2017-2018 to 2026-2027 inclusive, by grade for the town of Hamilton, the town of Wenham and the HamiltonWenham Regional School District.
3. One written report summarizing the methodology, assumptions, and historical patterns used in the calculations of the forecasts; and the results of the forecasts. Analysis of the demographic characteristics of the school district and its attendance areas, concentrating on age structure, housing composition, migration patterns, family size, district home sales and household structure.

The cost of this project will be $\$ 4,000$. This price includes all travel and materials expenses. If the school district would like to have a presentation of the forecast results there will be an additional $\$ 900$ charge. The project will be completed within 6 weeks of approval of contract or an agreed upon date.

If this proposal meets with your approval, we can begin work upon notification and receipt of five (5) previous years of enrollment data by grade by town, including the October 2016 ADM enrollment numbers. If you need additional information, please do no hesitate to contact me. Thank you for considering us for this project.

Sincerely,

Jerome N. McKibben Ph.D.
Senior Demographer

[^0]2. Review a number of narrowly-defined facilities reports developed in the last 5 years regarding the state of the District's facilities as well as work conducted by the District for repairs and/or replacement of certain building components.
3. Perform a Demographic Study to understand the population changes experienced already, as well as those anticipated over the next ten years.
4. Review the role and ramifications of School Choice on the population and needed facilities.
5. Develop a comprehensive Master Plan with options for incorporating goals identified through the Visioning process with demographics, School Choice and existing buildings.

The facilities of the District consist of six (6) buiidings:

- Bessie Buker Elementary School, 1 School Street, Wenham, Massachusetts.
- Cutler Elementary School, 237 Asbury Street, Hamilton, Massachusetts.
- Winthrop Elementary School, 325 Bay Road, Hamilton, Massachusetts.
- Miles River Middle School, 787 Bay Road, Hamilton, Massachusetts.
- Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School, 775 Bay Road, Hamilton, Massachusetts.
- Administration Building, 5 School Street, Wenham, Massachusetts.

The three elementary schools, the administration building and their associated property are leased by the respective towns to the District. The terms of the lease agreements for these properties require the District to be responsible for maintaining the buildings. The High School and Middle School buildings and surrounding property are owned by the District.

### 1.3 DEMOGRAPHY AND ENROLLMENT FORECASTS

SMMA engaged Cropper GIS, in association with McKibbon Demographics, to conduct a demographic study of the Hamilton-Wenham School District. All population forecasts presented include a constant number of 115 Choice students at the high school. Prior to the completion of this study, the School Committee made a policy changes to the Choice program, reducing the number of Choice Students to a level that does not affect program sections.

## Executive Summary Findings

1. Total enrollment is forecast to decrease by 93 students, or $-4.8 \%$, between 2013-14 and 2017-18. Total enrollment will decline by 70 students, or $-3.8 \%$, from 2017-18 to 2023-24.
2. Changes in year-to-year enrollment will largely be due to smaller grade cohorts entering the system, in conjunction with larger grade cohorts leaving the system.
3. The major factors causing the District's enrollment to decline after 2013 is an increase in the number of out-migrants in the local 18-to 24 -year old age group; the rise in the number of empty-nest households and a slight decrease in the
number of in-migrating of younger families.
4. If there was zero migration into the District during the 2013-14 to 2016-17 time period, the elementary (K-5) enrollment would decline by 130 students. The inmigration is projected to be 114 students for the same time period. Therefore, the elementary enrollment is forecast to decline by 26 students.
5. At the high school, the population declines are forecast to be significantly larger. The forecast population is expected to decline by approximately 95 students, from 678 students to 583 students (including 115 Choice), a decline of about $14 \%$. Since the development of the Demographic report, the HWRSD School Committee voted to reduce Choice numbers to a level that does not materially impact class sections.
6. The locally raised 18 -to-24 year old population (recent graduating high school seniors) continues to leave the District, going to college or moving to urban areas and not returning to the communities.
7. The fertility rates for the Hamilton-Wenham School District are below replacement levels during the entire life of the forecasts. (TFR=1.76 for the district versus 2.1 for replacement level)
8. Most of the in-migration households to the District contain population in the 0-to-9 and 30-to-44 age groups.
9. If the current home construction trends continue, the number of existing home sales and the occupancy rates of the rental housing units will continue to be the dominant factor affecting the population and enrollment change.

### 1.4 VISIONING

SMMA teamed with Frank Locker, Educational Planning, and a group of approximately 50 teachers, administrators, students, community leaders, and parents to guide the Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District Public to shape the educational vision for the District.
Group discussions included:

- Guiding Principles
- $21^{\text {st- }}$-Century Education
- Learning Modalities
- Innovative Educational Deliveries
- School Organizational Structure
- School Choice and
- Many other aspects of 21st Century Teaching and Learning

It is important to note that one of the outcomes of the Visioning sessions was the identification of Guiding Principles. They included a need to look at how students develop $21^{\text {st }}$-Century skills, in order that their learning be student-centered, active, relevant, and personalized. Some examples of this kind of learning include:

## Section 2

## Demographics Report

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2.1 INTRODUCTION / SUMMARY
2.2 DEMOGRAPHY AND ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS
    REPORT - CROPPER GIS
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Executive Report - 2014 School District Master Plan HAMILTON WENHAM REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

## DEMOGRAPHICS REPORT

### 2.1 INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

SMMA engaged Cropper GIS in association with McKibben' Demographics to conduct a demographic study of the Hamilton Wenham Regional School District. All population forecasts presented include a constant number of 115 Choice students at the high school. Prior to the completion of this study, the School Committee made a policy changes to the Choice program, reducing the number of Choice Students to a level that does not affect program sections.

Executive Summary Findings:

1. Total enroliment is forecast to decrease by 93 students, or $-4.8 \%$, between 2013-14 and 2017-18. Total enrollment will decline by 70 students, or $-3.8 \%$, from 2017-18 to 2023-24.
2. Changes in year-to-year enrollment will largely be due to smaller grade cohorts entering the system, in conjunction with larger grade cohorts leaving the system.
3. The major factors causing the District's enroliment to decline after 2013 is an increase in the number of out-migrants in the local 18-to 24-year old age group, the rise in the number of empty-nest households and a slight decrease in the number of in-migrating of younger families.
4. If there was zero migration into the District during the 2013-14 to 2016-17 time period, the elementary ( $K-5$ ) enroliment would decline by 130 students. The inmigration is projected to be 114 students for the same time period. Therefore the elementary enroliment is forecast to decline by 26 students.
5. At the high school, the population declines are forecast to be significantly larger. The forecast population is expected to decline by approximately 95 students, from 678 students to 583 students (including 115 Choice), a decline of about $14 \%$. Since the development of the Demographic report, the HWRSD School Committee voted to reduce Choice numbers to a level that does not materially impact class sections.
6. The locally raised 18 -to- 24 year-old population (recent graduating high school seniors) continues to leave the District, going to college or moving to urban areas and not returning to the communities.
7. The fertility rates for the Hamilton-Wenham School District are below replacement levels during the entire life of the forecasts. (TFR=1.76 for the district versus 2.1 for replacement level)
8. Most of the in-migration households to the District contain population in the $0-$ to-9 and 30 -to- 44 age groups.
9. If the current home construction trends continue, the number of existing home sales and the occupancy rates of the rental housing units will continue to be the dominant factor affecting the population and enrolliment change.

The projections include 115 Choice students in the high school population. This number is carried consistently through all projected years.

The Choice Students currently make up approximately $17 \%$ of the high school population. If no policy changes take place, the Choice Students would comprise approximately $20 \%$ of the population in 2023 / 2024.

Since this demographic study was completed, the Hamilton Wenham School Committee has modified its policy on Choice to enroll only a number of students such that no additional sections are required to accommodate them.


# Hamilton Wenham Regional School District High School Students by Town 

December 2013


CropperG/S

Hamilton Wenham Regional School District Demographic Study

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## Executive Summary

1. The fertility rates for the Hamilton-Wenham school district are below replacement levels during the entire life of the forecasts. (TFR=1.76 for the district vs. 2.1 for replacement level)
2. Most of the in-migrating households to the district contain population in the 0 -to- 9 and 30 -to- 44 age groups.
3. The locally raised 18-to-24 year old population (recent graduating high school seniors) continues to leave the district, going to college or moving to other urban areas.
4. The primary factors causing the district's enrollment to decline after 2013 is an increase in the number of outmigrants in the local 18-to-24 year old age group, the rise in the number of empty nest households and a slight decrease in the number of in-migrating of younger families.
5. Changes in year-to-year enrollment will largely be due to smaller grade cohorts in conjunction with larger grade cohorts leaving the system.
6. If there was zero migration in the district during the 2013-14 to 2016-17 time period, the elementary (K-5) enrollment would decline by 130 students. The elementary enrollment is forecasted to decline by 26 students the same period.
7. If the current home construction trends continue, the number of existing home sales and the occupancy rates of the rental housing units will continue to be the dominant factor affecting the amount of population and enrollment change.
8. Total enrollment is forecasted to decrease by 93 students, or $-4.8 \%$, between 2013-14 and 2017-18. Total enrollment will decline by 70 students, or -3.8\%, from 2017-18 to 2023-24.

## INTRODUCTION

By demographic principle, distinctions are made between projections and forecasts. A projection extrapolates the past (and present) into the future with little or no attempt to take into account any factors that may impact the extrapolation (e.g., changes in fertility rates, housing patterns or migration patterns) while a forecast results when a projection is modified by reasoning to take into account the aforementioned factors.

To maximize the use of this study as a planning tool, the ultimate goal is not simply to project the past into the future, but rather to assess various factors' impact on the future. The future population and enrollment growth of each school district is influenced by a variety of factors. Not all factors will influence the entire school district at the same level. Some may affect different areas at dissimilar magnitudes and rates causing changes at varying points of time within the same district. Forecaster's judgment based on a thorough and intimate study of the district has been used to modify the demographic trends and factors to more accurately predict likely changes. Therefore, strictly speaking, this study is a forecast, not a projection; and the amount of modification of the demographic trends varies between different areas of the district as well as within the timeframe of the forecast.

To calculate population forecasts of any type, particularly for smaller populations such as a school district, realistic suppositions must be made as to what the future will bring in terms of age specific fertility rates and residents' demographic behavior at certain points of the life course. The demographic history of the school district and its interplay with the social and economic history of the area is the starting point and basis of most of these suppositions particularly on key factors such as the age structure and the household composition of the district. The unique nature of each district's demographic composition and rate of change over time must be assessed and understood to be factors throughout the life of the forecast series. Moreover, no two populations, particularly at the school district level, have exactly the same demographic, social or economic characteristics.

The manifest purpose of these forecasts is to ascertain the demographic factors that will ultimately influence the enrollment levels in the district's schools. There are of course, other non-demographic factors the affect enrollment levels over time. These factors include,
but are not limited to transfer policies within the district; student transfers to and from neighboring districts; placement of "special programs" within the district (as opposed to in neighboring districts); state or federal mandates that dictate the movement of students from one facility to another (No Child Left Behind is an excellent example of this factor); the development of charter schools in the district; any voucher system that is in place, the prevalence of home schooling in the area; and the dynamics of local private schools.

Unless the district specifically requests the calculation of forecasts that reflect the effects of changes in these non-demographic factors, their influences are held constant for the life of the forecasts. Again, the main function of these forecasts is to determine what impact demographic changes will have on future enrollment. It is quite possible to calculate special "scenario" forecasts to measure the impact of school policy modifications as well as planned economic and financial changes. However in this case the results of these population and enrollment forecast are meant to represent the most likely scenario for changes over the next 10 years in the district.

The first part of the report will examine the assumptions made in calculating the population forecasts for the Hamilton-Wenham School District. Since the results of the population forecasts drive the subsequent enrollment forecasts, the assumptions listed in this section are paramount to understanding the area's demographic dynamics. The remainder of the report is an explanation and analysis of the district's population forecasts and how they will shape the district's grade level enrollment forecasts.

## DATA

The data used for the forecasts come from a variety of sources. Enrollments by grade and attendance center were provided by the Hamilton-Wenham School District for school years 2008-2009 to 2013-14. Birth and death data were obtained from the Massachusetts Department of Public Health for the years 2000 through 2011. The net migration values were calculated using Internal Revenue Service migration reports for the years 2000 through 2010. The data used for the calculation of migration models came from the United States Bureau of the Census, 2000-2010, and the models were designed using demographic and economic factors. The base agesex population counts used are from the results of the 2010 Census.

Recently the Census Bureau began releasing

Hamilton Wenham Regional School District Demographic Study

annual estimates of demographic variables at the block group and tract level from the American Community Survey (ACS). There has been wide scale reporting of these results in the national, state and local media. However, due to the methodological problems the Census Bureau is experiencing with their estimates derived from ACS data, particularly in areas with a population of less than 60,000 , the results of the ACS are not used in these forecasts. For example, given the sampling framework used by the Census Bureau, each year only 120 of the over 4,000 current households in the district would have been included. For comparison over 700 households in the district were included in the sample for the long form questionnaire in the 2000 Census. As a result of this small sample size, the ACS survey result from the last 5 years must be aggregated to produce the tract and block group estimates.

To develop the population forecast models, past migration patterns, current age specific fertility patterns, the magnitude and dynamics of the gross migration, the age specific mortality trends, the distribution of the population by age and sex, the rate and type of existing housing unit sales, and future housing unit construction are considered to be primary variables. In addition, the change in household size relative to the age structure of the forecast area was addressed. While there was a drop in the average household size in the Hamilton-Wenham School District area as well as most other areas of the state during the previous 20 years, the rate of this decline has been forecasted to slow over the next ten years.

## ASSUMPTIONS

For these forecasts, the mortality probabilities are held constant at the levels calculated for the year 2010. While the number of deaths in an area are impacted by and will change given the proportion of the local population over age 65 , in the absence of an extraordinary event such as a natural disaster or a breakthrough in the treatment of heart disease, death rates rarely move rapidly in any direction, particularly at the school district level. Thus, significant changes are not foreseen in district's mortality rates between now and the year 2023. Any increases forecasted in the number of deaths will be due primarily to the general aging of the district's population and specifically to the increase in the number of residents aged 65 and older.

Similarly, fertility rates are assumed to stay fairly constant for the life of the forecasts. Like mortality rates, age specific fertility rates rarely change quickly or
dramatically, particularly in small areas. Even with the recently reported rise in the fertility rates of the United States, overall fertility rates have stayed within a $10 \%$ range for most of the last 40 years. In fact, the vast majority of year to year change in an area's number of births is due to changes in the number of women in child bearing ages (particularly ages 20-29) rather than any fluctuation in an area's fertility rate.

The total fertility rate (TFR), the average number of births a woman will have in her lifetime, is estimated to be 1.76 for the total district for the ten years of the population forecasts. A TFR of 2.1 births per woman is considered to be the theoretical "replacement level" of fertility necessary for a population to remain constant in the absence of in-migration. Therefore, over the course of the forecast period, fertility will not be sufficient, in the absence of sufficient in migration, to maintain the current level of population within the HamiltonWenham School District.

A close examination of data for the HamiltonWenham School District has shown the age specific pattern of net migration will be nearly constant throughout the life of the forecasts. While the number of in and out migrants has changed in past years for the Hamilton-Wenham School District (and will change again over the next 10 years), the basic age pattern of the migrants has stayed nearly the same over the last 30 years. Based on the analysis of data it is safe to assume this age specific migration trend will remain unchanged into the future. This pattern of migration shows most of the local out-migration occurring in the 18 -to- 24 year old age group as young adults leave the area to go to college or move to other urban areas. The second group of outmigrants is those householders aged 70 and older who are downsizing their residences. Most of the local inmigration occurs in the 0 -to- 9 and 30-44 age groups (bulk of which is from areas within 75 miles of Hamilton-Wenham School District) primarily consisting of younger adults and their children.

As the Hamilton-Wenham School District or Essex County are not currently contemplating any major expansions or contractions, the forecasts also assume the current economic, political, transportation and public works infrastructure (with a few notable exceptions), social, and environmental factors of the HamiltonWenham School District will remain the same through the year 2023.

Below is a list of assumptions and issues that are specific to the Hamilton-Wenham School District and the rest of the Boston Metropolitan area. These issues have been used to modify the population forecast
models to more accurately predict the impact of these factors on the area's population change and composition. Specifically, the forecasts for the Hamilton-Wenham School District assume that throughout the 10 years of the study period:
a. There will be no significant short term economic recovery in the next 18 months and the national, state or regional economy does not go into deep recession at anytime during the 10 years of the forecasts; (Deep recession is defined as four consecutive quarters where the GDP contracts greater than $1 \%$ per quarter)
b. Interest rates have reached an historic low and will not fluctuate more than one percentage point in the short term; the interest rate for a 30 year fixed home mortgage stays below $5.5 \%$;
c. The rate of mortgage approval stays at 19992002 levels and lenders do not return to "subprime" mortgage practices;
d. There are no additional restrictions placed on home mortgage lenders or additional bankruptcies of major credit providers;
e. The rate of housing foreclosures does not exceed $125 \%$ of the 2005-2007 average of Essex County for any year in the forecasts;
f. All currently planned, platted, and approved housing developments are built out and completed by 2022. All housing units constructed are occupied by 2023;
g. The unemployment rates for Essex County will remain below $8.5 \%$ for the 10 years of the forecasts;
h. The rate of students transferring into and out of the Hamilton-Wenham School District will remain at the 2008-09 to 2013-14 average;
i. The inflation rate for gasoline will stay below $5 \%$ per year for the 10 years of the forecasts;
j. There will be no building moratorium within the district;
k. Businesses within the district and Essex County will remain viable;

1. The number of existing home sales in the district that are a result of "distress sales" (homes worth less than the current mortgage value) will not exceed $20 \%$ of total homes sales in the district for any given year;
m . Housing turnover rates (sale of existing homes in the district) will remain at their current levels. The majority of existing home sales are made by home owners over the age of 55;
n. Private school and home school attendance rates will remain constant;
o. The recent decline in new home construction has ended and building rates have stabilized;
p. The rate of foreclosures for commercial property remains at the 2004-2008 average for the Essex County area;

If a major employer in the district or in Essex County closes, reduces or expands its operations, the population forecasts would need to be adjusted to reflect the changes brought about by the change in economic and employment conditions. The same holds true for any type of natural disaster, major change in the local infrastructure (e.g., highway construction, water and sewer expansion, changes in zoning regulations, water usage restrictions, etc.), a further economic downturn, any additional weakness in the housing market or any instance or situation that causes rapid and dramatic population changes that could not be foreseen at the time the forecasts were calculated.

The high proportion of high school graduates from the Hamilton-Wenham School District that attend college or move to urban areas outside of the district for employment is a significant demographic factor. Their departure is a major reason for the high out-migration in the 18 -to-24 age group and was taken into account when calculating these forecasts. The out-migration of graduating high school seniors is expected to continue over the period of the forecasts and the rate of outmigration has been forecasted to remain the same over the life of the forecast series.

Finally, all demographic trends (i.e., births, deaths, and migration) are assumed to be linear in nature and annualized over the forecast period. For example, if 1,000 births are forecasted for a 5 -year period, an equal number, or proportion of the births are assumed to occur every year, 200 per year. Actual year-to-year variations do and will occur, but overall year to year trends are expected to be constant.

## METHODOLOGY

The population forecasts presented in this report are the result of using the Cohort-Component Method of population forecasting (Siegel, and Swanson, 2004: 561601) (Smith et. al. 2004). As stated in the

INTRODUCTION, the difference between a projection and a forecast is in the use of explicit judgment based upon the unique features of the area under study. Strictly speaking, a cohort-component projection refers

Hamilton Wenham Regional School District Demographic Study
to the future population that would result if a mathematical extrapolation of historical trends were applied to the components of change (i.e., births, deaths, and migration). Conversely, a cohort-component forecast refers to the future population that is expected because of a studied and purposeful selection of the components of change believed to be critical factors of influence in each specific area.

Five sets of data are required to generate population and enrollment forecasts. These five data sets are:
a. a base-year population (here, the 2010 Census population for the HamiltonWenham School District);
b. a set of age-specific fertility rates to be used over the forecast period;
c. a set of age-specific survival (mortality) rates;
d. a set of age-specific migration rates for each; and
e. the historical enrollment figures by grade.

The most significant and difficult aspect of producing enrollment forecasts is the generation of the population forecasts in which the school age population (and enrollment) is embedded. In turn, the most difficult aspect of generating the population forecasts is found in deriving the rates of change in fertility, mortality, and migration. From the standpoint of demographic analysis, the Hamilton-Wenham School District is classified as "small area" populations (as compared to the population of the state of Massachusetts or to that of the United States). Small area population forecasts are more difficult to calculate because local variations in fertility, mortality, and migration may be more irregular than those at the state or national scale. Especially challenging to project are migration rates for local areas, because changes in the area's socioeconomic characteristics can quickly change from past and current patterns (Peters and Larkin, 2002.)

The population forecasts for Hamilton-Wenham School District were calculated using a cohortcomponent method with the populations divided into male and female groups by five-year age cohorts that range from 0 -to- 4 years of age to 85 years of age and older (85+). Age- and sex-specific fertility, mortality, and migration models were constructed to specifically reflect the unique demographic characteristics of the Hamilton-Wenham School District.

The enrollment forecasts were calculated using a
modified average survivorship method. Average survivor rates (i.e., the proportion of students who progress from one grade level to the next given the average amount of net migration for that grade level) over the previous five years of year-to-year enrollment data were calculated for grades two through eight. This procure is used to identify specific grades where there are large numbers of students changing facilities for non-demographic factors, such as private school transfers or enrollment in special programs.

The survivorship rates were modified or adjusted to reflect the average rate of forecasted in and out migration of 5-to-9 and 10-to-14 year olds cohorts in the Hamilton-Wenham School District for the period 2005 to 2010. These survivorship rates then were adjusted to reflect the forecasted changes in age-specific migration the district should experience over the next five years. These modified survivorship rates were used to project the enrollment of grades two through eight for the period 2010 to 2015 . The survivorship rates were adjusted again for the period 2015 to 2020 to reflect the predicted changes in the amount of age-specific migration in the districts for the period.

The forecasted enrollments for kindergarten and first grade are derived from the 5-to-9 year old population of the age-sex population forecast at the elementary attendance center district level. This procedure allows the changes in the incoming grade sizes to be factors of forecasted population change and not an extrapolation of previous class sizes. Given the potentially large amount of variation in Kindergarten enrollment due to parental choice, changes in the state's minimum age requirement, and differing district policies on allowing children to start Kindergarten early, first grade enrollment is deemed to be a more accurate and reliable starting point for the forecasts. (McKibben, 1996) The level of the accuracy for both the population and enrollment forecasts at the school district level is estimated to be $\pm 2.0 \%$ for the life of the forecasts.

## RESULTS AND ANALYSIS OF THE POPULATION FORECASTS

From 2010 to 2020, the populations of the Hamilton-Wenham School District, Essex County; the state of Massachusetts, and the United States are forecasted to change as follows; the Hamilton-Wenham School District will decrease by $-0.2 \%$, Essex County will grow by $4.4 \%$ Massachusetts will increase by $3.7 \%$; and the United States grow by $8.4 \%$ (see Table 1).

Table 1: Forecasted Population Change, 2010 to 2020

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 10-Year Change |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U.S. (in millions) | 308 | 322 | 334 | $8.4 \%$ |
| Massachusetts | $6,483,800$ | $6,603,100$ | $6,695,700$ | $3.3 \%$ |
| Essex County | 47,536 | 48,200 | 48,900 | $2.9 \%$ |
| H-W R.S.D. | 12,639 | 12,640 | 12,610 | $-0.2 \%$ |

A number of general demographic factors will influence the growth rate of the Hamilton-Wenham School District during this period, and include the following:
a. The bulk of the in-migrating households from the 1990s and 2000s have moved through the prime childbearing ages and will increasingly become empty nest over the next 10 years;
b. The remaining population in childbearing ages (women ages $15-45$ ) will have fewer children;
c. A large proportion of the locally raised 18-to-24 year old population, in prime childbearing ages, will continue to leave the area to go to college or to other urban areas, with the magnitude of this out-migration flow slowly increasing; and,
d. The district will experience an increase in housing stock, with an average of 10 units being built each year through 2020.

The Hamilton-Wenham School District will continue to experience in-migration (movement of new young families into the district) over the next 10 years. However, the size and age structure of the pool of potential in-migrants will change and the effects of the in-migration of families on population growth will be greatly offset by the continued steady growing outmigration of young adults as graduating seniors continue to leave the district.

From 2010 to 2015, the district's population is forecasted to increase by 1 or $0.0 \%$, to 12,640. From 2015 to 2020 , the population is forecasted to decrease by 30 persons or $-0.2 \%$. While all parts of the district will see some amount of gross in-migration, (primarily in the 0 -to- 9 and 30 -to- 44 age groups,) all areas also will continue to see gross out-migration. This out-migration primarily will be young adults, 18 -to- 24 years old, as graduating seniors continue to leave the district to go to college or seek employment in larger urban areas. Consequently,
the district will experience a modest reduction in their average household size.
Table 2: Hamilton-Wenham School District Population:
$2015 \& 2020$ Forecast

|  |  |  | 2015 | 2010 <br> 2015 <br> Change | $\underline{2020}$ | $3015-$ <br> 2020 <br> Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $2010-$ <br> Change |  |  |  |  |  |
| District Total | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 4 0}$ | $0.0 \%$ | $\mathbf{1 2 , 6 1 0}$ | $-0.2 \% / 8$ | $\mathbf{- 0 . 2 \%}$ |

As stated in the ASSUMPTIONS and emphasized above, the impact of the high proportion of high school graduates that leave the district to continue on to college or to seek employment in large urban areas is significant to the size and structure of the future population of the district. Up to $70 \%$ of all births occur to women between the ages of 20 and 29 . As the graduating seniors continue leave the district, the number of women at risk of childbirth during the next decade declines. Consequently, even though the district's fertility rate is just slightly below the replacement level, the small number of women in the district in prime child bearing ages will keep the number of births declining at a modest rate despite the district having a growing population (see the population pyramid in the appendix of this report for a graphic representation of the age/sex distribution of the district). This will require the district to become dependent on the in-migration of children just to maintain current grade cohort sizes.

As a general rule of thumb, for every two graduating high school seniors that leave the district, one new household must move into the district to replace the young adults that have left and to replace their lost potential fertility. Over the course of the forecast period, the average number of graduating seniors will be approximately 160 per year and at least $75 \%$ of them will move out of the district within three years of graduation. Using the general rule, approximately 60 new families will be required to move into the district every year or 600 new families for the ten-year study period to replace the graduating seniors and their lost fertility. It is forecasted that the impact of the steadily increasing out-migration of young adults will continue to be mostly offset by younger families (3039 year old householders) in-migration and that the total number of births will decline only slightly throughout the forecast period.

Another factor that needs to be considered is the birth dynamics of the last twenty years. An examination of national birth trends shows there was a large "Baby Boomlet" born between 1980 and 2000. This Boomlet
was nearly as large as the Baby Boom of the 1950s and 1960s. However, unlike the Baby Boom, the Boomlet was a regional and not a national phenomenon (McKibben, et. al. 1999). Because Massachusetts did not experience a Baby Boomlet, most of the expected enrollment growth will have to result from in-migration and not from an increase in the grade cohort size.

Table 3: Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District Household Characteristics, 2010 Census

|  | HH w/ <br> Pop <br> Under | \% HH <br> w/ Pop <br> Under | Total <br> Households | Household <br> Population | Persons <br> Per <br> Household |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton | 1125 | $41.8 \%$ | 2692 | 7616 | 2.83 |
| Wenham | 508 | $37.4 \%$ | 1358 | 3622 | 2.67 |
| District Total | $\mathbf{1 6 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 . 3 \%}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 5 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 2 3 8}$ | 2.77 |

Clearly, the dominant factor that has affected the population growth rates of the Hamilton-Wenham School District over the last 20 years has been the number, pace and cost of existing home sales and some new homes construction. However, the dynamics of this in migration flow are more complex than many realize. There is a common misconception that any changes in the economy, housing market or transportation system will an immediate impact of the size of an area's population and the total impact of that change will be experiences immediately.

This "delayed demographic reaction" is a key issue when attempting to ascertain the impact and duration of a trend. While it is true that the households moving into these new housing units bring many school age (particularly elementary) children into the district, they also bring many preschool age children as well. Consequently, the full impact of the growth in new home construction is not seen immediately in elementary enrollment as it takes three to seven years for all of the children to age into the schools. This is the manifest issue in regards to future population and enrollment trends since the number of births in the Hamilton-Wenham School District is insufficient to maintain current enrollment levels. The number of women living in the district that are ages 20-29 (prime child bearing ages) is too small to produce birth cohorts that are the same size as those currently in the elementary grades.

Of additional concern are the issues of the district's aging population and the growing number of "empty nest" households. For example, after the last school age child leaves middle school, (for the
household's impact on the Hamilton-Wenham School District) the household becomes an "empty nest" and most likely will not send any more children to the school system. In most cases, it takes 20 to 30 years before all original (or first time) occupants of a housing area move out and are replaced by new, young families with children. This principle also applies to children leaving elementary school and moving on the middle school. Households can still have school age children in the district's school, but also in effect be "empty nest" of elementary age children.

Table 4: Hamilton-Wenham Regional School Dist. Household Characteristics, 2010 Census

|  | Percentage of <br> Householders <br> aged 35-54 | Percentage of <br> Householders <br> aged 65+ | Percentage of <br> Householders |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Who Own   <br> Homilton $45.7 \%$ $21.8 \%$ <br> Wenham $42.1 \%$ $32.5 \%$ |  |  |  |
| District Total | $\mathbf{4 4 . 5 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 5 . 4} \%$ | $81.5 \%$ |

As a result of the "empty nest" syndrome, the Hamilton-Wenham School District will see a steady rise in the median age of their populations, even while the district as a whole continues to attract new young families. It should be noted that many of these "childless" households are single persons and/or elderly (See Table 5). Consequently, even if many of these housing units "turnover" and attract households of similar characteristics, they will add little to the number of school age children in the district. Furthermore, many of the empty nest households will "down size" to smaller households within the district. In these cases new housing units (elder housing) may be built in an area, yet there is no corresponding increase in school enrollment.

There are several additional factors that are responsible for the difference between growth in population and growth in housing stock. Included among these factors are: people building new "move up" homes in the same area or district, (an important point since the children in move up homes tend to be of middle or high school age); children moving out of their parents homes and establishing residence in the same area; the increase in single-individual households; and divorce, with both parents remaining in the same area.

Table 5: Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District - Single Person Households and Single Person Households over age 65,

2010 Census

|  | Percentage <br> of Single |
| :--- | :---: |
|  | Person <br> Households | | Percentage of <br> Households <br> single person <br> and $65+$ |
| :---: |
| Hamilton |
| Wenham |
| District Total |

## RESULTS AND ANALYSIS OF ENROLLMENT FORECASTS

## Elementary Enrollment

The total elementary enrollment (Grades PK through 5th) of the district is forecasted to decrease from 799 in 2013-14 to 787 in 2018-19, a drop of 12 students or -1.5\%. From 2018-19 to 2023-24, elementary enrollment is expected to drop by 34 students to 753 . This will represent a $-4.3 \%$ decrease over the five-year period (see Table 6).

Table 6: Total Elementary Enrollment, 2013, 2018, 2023

|  | 2013 | 2018 | $\begin{array}{c\|} \hline 2013 \\ 2018 \\ \text { Chnuge } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 2023 | $\begin{gathered} 2018- \\ 2023 \\ \text { Chanye } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline 2013- \\ 2023 \\ \text { Change } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton-Wenham | 799 | 787 | $-1.5 \%$ | 753 | - | -5.8\% |

The reason for this overall decline in elementary enrollment over the next 10 years is the convergence of the effects of three factors, all having their full impact roughly by 2016. These factors are the reversal of cohort sizes in the elementary grades, the number of existing housing units turning over along with the low number of new homes constructed, and the existence of a "dearth" of population in the late pre-school ages. Each of these factors will contribute in part to the decline in elementary enrollment through 2016.

One of the reasons elementary enrollment will be decreasing over the next decade is due to the fact that the number of children entering Kindergarten and $1^{\text {st }}$ grade is smaller than the number leaving elementary school after completing 5th grade. From 2012 to 2015, the number of students in 5 th grade will average 137 each year while the entering Kindergarten and $1^{\text {st }}$ grade cohort will average 121 students.

The second factor is the slowdown in the home sales/housing construction industry. While it is true that the Essex County housing market has performed somewhat better than the national trends the last three years, it is not immune the effects of a tightening of the mortgage market and in increasingly restrictive lending practices. The Hamilton-Wenham School District area, like most areas of the county, saw the number of primarily existing home sales increase in 2000 to 2008 as the expansion of sub-prime mortgage practices allowed many people to purchase new homes. Given the turmoil the collapse of the sub prime market has caused, it can be assumed that there will not be a return to these lending practices anytime in the near future.

Consequently, the Hamilton-Wenham School District (like most suburban/exurban areas in the country) have seem the number of new and existing homes sales drop back to the levels experienced before the sub prime boom. Further, these forecasts assume that there will not be a significant increase in the number of foreclosed housing units being put on the market in the immediate future. Yet despite this decline in home sales, the housing market in Hamilton-Wenham appears to have stabilized. There is a significant flow of young families into the district that are bringing elementary age and/or preschool age children to the district. On the short term, this in migration flow will be sufficiently large enough to provide some growth in the elementary grades.

Chart 1: Residential Permitted Units, HamiltonWenham - 2000 to 2012


The third factor is the size of the individual age cohorts that are in the preschool ages and their size relative to the exiting elementary grade cohorts. A clear comprehension of the size of these incoming cohorts is imperative to understanding the base size of the prospective elementary cohort over the next five years. This allows for the forecasts to add or subtract students

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(via migration) to an accurate student base. If there are year to year changes in the size of the incoming Kindergarten cohort, they can be reflected in the forecast results.

The best example of this is the single year of age counts for the district from the 2010 Census (See Table 7). The population at age six is closely related to the combined 1th grade enrollment of the public and private students in the district (as it is for all elementary grades). However, note the slight decrease in the number of residents from age three to five. This trend is shows that for the last three years the district should have experienced a slight decrease in elementary enrollment even if in migration was at or near zero. Any net in or out migration of students would be seen elementary enrollment by grade that is in excess/reduction to these numbers. These numbers show that the district has a three year "dearth" in these grade cohorts that will be working in way through the elementary grades (and subsequently through the higher grades) over the next several years.

Table 7: Age <1 to Age Ten Population Counts, by Year of Age: 2010 Census

|  | Under 1 year | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 1 \\ \text { year } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ \text { years } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ \text { years } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 6 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 7 \\ \text { years } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10 \\ \text { years } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hamilton town | 109 | 88 | 90 | 101 | 104 | 98 | 134 | 110 | 117 | 119 | 114 |
| Wenham town | 18 | 23 | 39 | 28 | 34 | 45 | 53 | 62 | 54 | 51 | 72 |
| Total District | 127 | 111 | 129 | 129 | 138 | 143 | 187 | 172 | 171 | 170 | 186 |

The demographic factors that will become the most influential in the district over the next ten years are the growth rate of empty nest household in the district, the number of sales of existing homes, the rate and magnitude of existing housing unit "turn over," the relative size of the elementary and pre-school age cohorts and the district's fertility rate. Each of these factors will vary in the scale of their influence and timing of impact on the enrollment trends of any particular elementary area.

As the district continues to be mostly dependent upon existing home sales to attract new families, the overall elementary enrollment trend of the district will be stable or show a slight decline. Thus, the best primary short- and long-term indicator for enrollment change in most of the district will be the year-to-year rate of existing housing turnover. If the Total Fertility Rates remain at their current low levels (and they are forecasted to do so) they will insure that enrollments will continue to see slowing growth (or outright declines) even if the level of net out-migration is greatly reduced.

## Middle School Enrollment

The total middle school enrollment (Grades 6 through 8) for the district is forecasted to decline from 441 in 2013-14 to 387 in 2018-19, a 54 student or $-12.2 \%$ decreases. Between 2018-19 and 2023-24 middle school enrollment is forecasted to grow to 419 , an increase of 32 students or $8.3 \%$. The difference in the size of the individual grade cohorts and the aging of students through the school system are the primary reasons why the middle school enrollment trends deviate from those of the elementary grades.

There are currently smaller grade cohorts enrolled in the elementary school grades compared to those in the middle schools' grade cohorts. As these elementary school cohorts "age" into middle school and smaller middle school cohorts age into high school, they decrease the overall middle school enrollment level. Note how the size of the incoming $6^{\text {th }}$ grade class is usually smaller than the previous year's $8^{\text {th }}$ grade class, which has now moved on the high school. As long as this "deficit" in the enrollment pattern exists, there will be to some degree, a decrease in middle school enrollment at least until the 2019-2020 school years.

After the 2019-2020 school years, this cohort trend reverses. There will then be the grade cohorts entering the middle school grades will be larger compared to those leaving. The result is a slight increase of middle school enrollment until 2023. This trend will most likely continue beyond the end of the forecasts series ending sometime after 2025.

## High School Enrollment

Enrollment at the high school level is forecasted to decline from 678 in 2013-14 to 651 in 2018-19, a decrease of 27 students or $-4.0 \%$. After 2018-19, the high school enrollment decline will accelerate. The net result for the five-year period 2018-19 to 2023-24 will be a decrease of 68 students to 583 or $-10.4 \%$.

The aforementioned effects of changes in cohort size on middle school enrollment are also affecting the growth patterns of the high school population. Until 2023, the smaller grade cohorts that will affect the middle school enrollment will enter high school. Until the current smaller grade cohorts of students (now in the elementary grades and middle school) passes through the high school grades, there will be continued decline at the district's high school. The main difference is that the decline in the high school enrollment will continue until at least 2023.

It is important to note that the vast majority of

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this future high school enrollment change will be a result of students aging into those grades. Specifically, students who already live in the district (and not inmigration of students ages 14 to 18 ) will be the primary cause of the forecasted change in high school enrollment. Additionally, as was mentioned earlier, these forecasts represent the demographic changes that will affect high school enrollment. Any changes in the district's student transfer policy and/or changes in special high school level programs will need to be added or subtracted from the forecast result

High school enrollment is the most difficult of all the grade levels to project. The reason for this is the varying and constantly changing dropout rates, particularly in grades 10 and 11. For these forecasts the dropout rates at the high school were calculated for each grade over the last five years. These five-year averages were then held constant for the life of the forecast. The effects of any policy changes dealing with any school's dropout rates, program placement or reassignment of former students to new grade levels will need to be added or subtracted from the forecast results.

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Hamilton Wenham Regional School District
DEmOGRAPHIC STUDY

Appendix A: Population Pyramids (Age/Sex)
Hamilton Wenham District Total 2010 Census


Hamilton Town 2010 Census


Hamilton Wenham Regional School District

Wenham Town 2010 Census


Hamilton Wenham Regional School District
Demographic Study

Appendix B: Enrollment Forecast Tables
Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District: Total District Enrollment

|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PK | 20 | 11 | 20 | 29 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| K | 130 | 133 | 101 | 120 | 120 | 118 | 125 | 122 | 121 | 119 | 118 | 115 | 112 | 109 | 112 |
| 1 | 138 | 127 | 132 | 106 | 121 | 119 | 120 | 128 | 125 | 124 | 121 | 120 | 117 | 114 | 111 |
| 2 | 135 | 137 | 129 | 140 | 119 | 126 | 125 | 126 | 134 | 131 | 132 | 129 | 128 | 124 | 120 |
| 3 | 151 | 144 | 142 | 136 | 134 | 120 | 127 | 126 | 127 | 135 | 132 | 133 | 130 | 129 | 125 |
| 4 | 135 | 155 | 149 | 142 | 137 | 137 | 123 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 138 | 135 | 135 | 132 | 131 |
| 5 | 148 | 137 | 148 | 145 | 143 | 135 | 134 | 119 | 123 | 124 | 127 | 135 | 132 | 132 | 129 |
| Total: PK-5 | 857 | 844 | 821 | 818 | 799 | 780 | 779 | 773 | 783 | 787 | 793 | 792 | 779 | 765 | 753 |
| Change |  | -13 | -23 | -3 | -19 | -19 | -1 | -6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | -1 | -13 | -14 | -12 |
| \%-Change |  | -1.5\% | -2.7\% | -0.4\% | -2.3\% | -2.4\% | -0.1\% | -0.8\% | 1.3\% | 0.5\% | 0.8\% | -0.1\% | -1.6\% | -1.8\% | -1.6\% |
|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| 6 | 142 | 151 | 138 | 156 | 142 | 146 | 138 | 137 | 122 | 127 | 128 | 132 | 140 | 138 | 138 |
| 7 | 154 | 144 | 150 | 141 | 154 | 143 | 147 | 139 | 138 | 123 | 128 | 129 | 134 | 142 | 140 |
| 8 | 173 | 152 | 142 | 149 | 145 | 153 | 142 | 146 | 138 | 137 | 122 | 127 | 128 | 133 | 141 |
| Total: 6-8 | 469 | 447 | 430 | 446 | 441 | 442 | 427 | 422 | 398 | 387 | 378 | 388 | 402 | 413 | 419 |
| Change |  | -22 | -17 | 16 | -5 | 1 | -15 | -5 | -24 | -11 | -9 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 6 |
| \%-Change |  | -4.7\% | -3.8\% | 3.7\% | -1.1\% | 0.2\% | -3.4\% | -1.2\% | -5.7\% | -2.8\% | -2.3\% | 2.6\% | 3.6\% | 2.7\% | 1.5\% |
|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| 9 | 166 | 173 | 175 | 169 | 165 | 165 | 175 | 163 | 168 | 159 | 158 | 141 | 148 | 149 | 155 |
| 10 | 187 | 166 | 181 | 175 | 163 | 163 | 163 | 173 | 161 | 166 | 157 | 156 | 140 | 147 | 148 |
| 11 | 173 | 178 | 171 | 184 | 170 | 161 | 161 | 161 | 170 | 159 | 164 | 155 | 154 | 138 | 145 |
| 12 | 175 | 166 | 177 | 166 | 180 | 167 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 167 | 156 | 161 | 152 | 151 | 135 |
| Total: 9-12 | 701 | 683 | 704 | 694 | 678 | 656 | 657 | 655 | 657 | 651 | 635 | 613 | 594 | 585 | 583 |
| Change |  | -18 | 21 | -10 | -16 | -22 | 1 | -2 | 2 | -6 | -16 | -22 | -19 | -9 | -2 |
| \%-Change |  | -2.6\% | 3.1\% | -1.4\% | -2.3\% | -3.2\% | 0.2\% | -0.3\% | 0.3\% | -0.9\% | -2.5\% | -3.5\% | -3.1\% | -1.5\% | -0.3\% |
|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| Total: PK-12 | 2027 | 1974 | 1955 | 1958 | 1918 | 1878 | 1863 | 1850 | 1838 | 1825 | 1806 | 1793 | 1775 | 1763 | 1755 |
| Change |  | -53 | -19 | 3 | -40 | -40 | -15 | -13 | -12 | -13 | -19 | -13 | -18 | -12 | -8 |
| \%-Change |  | -2.6\% | -1.0\% | 0.2\% | -2.0\% | -2.1\% | -0.8\% | -0.7\% | -0.6\% | -0.7\% | -1.0\% | -0.7\% | -1.0\% | -0.7\% | -0.5\% |

Buker Elementary

|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | 43 | 39 | 35 | 39 | 36 | 33 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 34 |
| 1 | 41 | 46 | 40 | 35 | 39 | 35 | 34 | 39 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 |
| 2 | 44 | 42 | 46 | 44 | 40 | 41 | 37 | 36 | 41 | 40 | 41 | 40 | 40 | 39 | 37 |
| 3 | 51 | 48 | 39 | 47 | 41 | 39 | 40 | 36 | 35 | 40 | 39 | 40 | 39 | 39 | 38 |
| 4 | 38 | 51 | 51 | 36 | 46 | 40 | 38 | 38 | 35 | 34 | 39 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 38 |
| 5 | 41 | 40 | 46 | 49 | 37 | 44 | 38 | 36 | 36 | 33 | 33 | 37 | 36 | 37 | 36 |
| Total K-5 | 258 | 266 | 257 | 250 | 239 | 232 | 224 | 221 | 221 | 221 | 225 | 227 | 224 | 221 | 217 |
| Change |  | 8 | -9 | -7 | -11 | -7 | -8 | -3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 | -3 | -3 | -4 |
| \% Change |  | 3.1\% | -3.4\% | -2.7\% | -4.4\% | -2.9\% | -3.4\% | -1.3\% | 0.0\% | 0.0\% | 1.8\% | 0.9\% | -1.3\% | -1.3\% | -1.8\% |

Cutler Elementary

|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | 45 | 41 | 31 | 42 | 50 | 48 | 51 | 50 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 46 |
| 1 | 57 | 41 | 40 | 33 | 45 | 52 | 50 | 53 | 52 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 49 | 48 | 47 |
| 2 | 46 | 52 | 39 | 44 | 37 | 46 | 54 | 52 | 55 | 54 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 51 | 50 |
| 3 | 50 | 48 | 57 | 43 | 43 | 38 | 47 | 55 | 53 | 56 | 55 | 56 | 55 | 54 | 52 |
| 4 | 56 | 52 | 49 | 60 | 46 | 45 | 40 | 48 | 57 | 55 | 58 | 57 | 58 | 57 | 56 |
| 5 | 46 | 57 | 48 | 49 | 60 | 46 | 45 | 39 | 47 | 56 | 54 | 57 | 56 | 57 | 56 |
| Total K-5 | 300 | 291 | 264 | 271 | 281 | 275 | 287 | 297 | 314 | 322 | 321 | 321 | 317 | 312 | 307 |
| Change |  | -9 | -27 | 7 | 10 | -6 | 12 | 10 | 17 | 8 | -1 | 0 | -4 | -5 | -5 |
| \% Change |  | -3.0\% | -9.3\% | 2.7\% | 3.7\% | -2.1\% | 4.4\% | 3.5\% | 5.7\% | 2.5\% | -0.3\% | 0.0\% | -1.2\% | -1.6\% | -1.6\% |


| Hamilton Wenham Regional School District Demographic Study |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Winthrop Elementary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| PK | 20 | 11 | 20 | 29 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 25 |
| K | 42 | 53 | 35 | 39 | 34 | 37 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 32 |
| 1 | 40 | 40 | 52 | 38 | 37 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 32 | 31 | 30 |
| 2 | 45 | 43 | 44 | 52 | 42 | 39 | 34 | 38 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 33 |
| 3 | 50 | 48 | 46 | 46 | 50 | 43 | 40 | 35 | 39 | 39 | 38 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 35 |
| 4 | 41 | 52 | 49 | 46 | 45 | 52 | 45 | 41 | 36 | 40 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 37 | 37 |
| 5 | 61 | 40 | 54 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 51 | 44 | 40 | 35 | 40 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 37 |
| Total PK-5 | 279 | 276 | 280 | 268 | 254 | 248 | 243 | 230 | 223 | 219 | 222 | 219 | 213 | 207 | 204 |
| Change |  | -3 | 4 | -12 | -14 | -6 | -5 | -13 | -7 | -4 | 3 | -3 | -6 | -6 | -3 |
| \% Change |  | -1.1\% | 1.4\% | -4.3\% | -5.2\% | -2.4\% | -2.0\% | -5.3\% | -3.0\% | -1.8\% | 1.4\% | -1.4\% | -2.7\% | -2.8\% | -1.4\% |

Miles River Middle School

|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 142 | 151 | 138 | 156 | 142 | 146 | 138 | 137 | 122 | 127 | 128 | 132 | 140 | 138 | 138 |
| 7 | 154 | 144 | 150 | 141 | 154 | 143 | 147 | 139 | 138 | 123 | 128 | 129 | 134 | 142 | 140 |
| 8 | 173 | 152 | 142 | 149 | 145 | 153 | 142 | 146 | 138 | 137 | 122 | 127 | 128 | 133 | 141 |
| Total: 6-8 | 469 | 447 | 430 | 446 | 441 | 442 | 427 | 422 | 398 | 387 | 378 | 388 | 402 | 413 | 419 |
| Change |  | -22 | -17 | 16 | -5 | 1 | -15 | -5 | -24 | -11 | -9 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 6 |
| \% Change |  | -4.7\% | -3.8\% | 3.7\% | -1.1\% | 0.2\% | -3.4\% | -1.2\% | -5.7\% | -2.8\% | $-2.3 \%$ | 2.6\% | 3.6\% | 2.7\% | 1.5\% |

## Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School

|  | 2009-10 | 2010-11 | 2011-12 | 2012-13 | 2013-14 | 2014-15 | 2015-16 | 2016-17 | 2017-18 | 2018-19 | 2019-20 | 2020-21 | 2021-22 | 2022-23 | 2023-24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9 | 166 | 173 | 175 | 169 | 165 | 165 | 175 | 163 | 168 | 159 | 158 | 141 | 148 | 149 | 155 |
| 10 | 187 | 166 | 181 | 175 | 163 | 163 | 163 | 173 | 161 | 166 | 157 | 156 | 140 | 147 | 148 |
| 11 | 173 | 178 | 171 | 184 | 170 | 161 | 161 | 161 | 170 | 159 | 164 | 155 | 154 | 138 | 145 |
| 12 | 175 | 166 | 177 | 166 | 180 | 167 | 158 | 158 | 158 | 167 | 156 | 161 | 152 | 151 | 135 |
| Total: 9-12 | 701 | 683 | 704 | 694 | 678 | 656 | 657 | 655 | 657 | 651 | 635 | 613 | 594 | 585 | 583 |
| Change |  | -18 | 21 | -10 | -16 | -22 | 1 | -2 | 2 | -6 | -16 | -22 | -19 | -9 | -2 |
| \% Change |  | -2.6\% | 3.1\% | -1.4\% | -2.3\% | -3.2\% | 0.2\% | -0.3\% | 0.3\% | -0.9\% | -2.5\% | -3.5\% | -3.1\% | -1.5\% | -0.3\% |

## Appendix C: Population Forecast Tables

Hamilton-Wenham Regional School District - Population Forecasts

| Males | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 331 | 330 | 300 |
| $5-9$ | 413 | 400 | 400 |
| $10-14$ | 461 | 420 | 410 |
| $15-19$ | 649 | 680 | 630 |
| $20-24$ | 541 | 560 | 590 |
| $25-29$ | 274 | 290 | 300 |
| $30-34$ | 201 | 290 | 310 |
| $35-39$ | 286 | 310 | 400 |
| $40-44$ | 369 | 350 | 370 |
| $45-49$ | 485 | 410 | 390 |
| $50-54$ | 532 | 470 | 400 |
| $55-59$ | 444 | 510 | 450 |
| $60-64$ | 335 | 370 | 450 |
| $65-69$ | 233 | 250 | 310 |
| $70-74$ | 148 | 110 | 120 |
| $75-79$ | 125 | 90 | 60 |
| $80-84$ | 114 | 120 | 80 |
| $85+$ | 80 | 90 | 90 |
| Total | 6,021 | 6,050 | 6,060 |


| Females | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 303 | 330 | 300 |
| $5-9$ | 430 | 370 | 390 |
| $10-14$ | 513 | 440 | 380 |
| $15-19$ | 752 | 750 | 670 |
| $20-24$ | 627 | 640 | 650 |
| $25-29$ | 237 | 270 | 280 |
| $30-34$ | 211 | 260 | 290 |
| $35-39$ | 290 | 320 | 360 |
| $40-44$ | 442 | 350 | 380 |
| $45-49$ | 584 | 480 | 390 |
| $5(1-54$ | 549 | 580 | 470 |
| $55-59$ | 455 | 540 | 560 |
| $60-64$ | 336 | 390 | 490 |
| $65-69$ | 252 | 270 | 350 |
| $70-74$ | 159 | 200 | 220 |
| $75-79$ | 173 | 100 | 130 |
| $80-84$ | 160 | 140 | 80 |
| $85+$ | 145 | 160 | 160 |
| Total | 6,618 | 6,590 | 6,550 |


| Total | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $0-4$ | 634 | 660 | 600 |
| $5-9$ | 843 | 770 | 790 |
| $10-14$ | 974 | 860 | 790 |
| $15-19$ | 1,401 | 1,430 | 1,300 |
| $20-24$ | 1,168 | 1,200 | 1,240 |
| $25-29$ | 511 | 560 | 580 |
| $30-34$ | 412 | 550 | 600 |
| $35-39$ | 576 | 630 | 760 |
| $40-44$ | 811 | 700 | 750 |
| $45-49$ | 1,069 | 890 | 780 |
| $50-54$ | 1,081 | 1,050 | 870 |
| $55-59$ | 899 | 1,050 | 1,010 |
| $60-64$ | 671 | 760 | 940 |
| $65-69$ | 485 | 520 | 660 |
| $70-74$ | 307 | 310 | 340 |
| $75-79$ | 298 | 190 | 190 |
| $80-84$ | 274 | 260 | 160 |
| $85+$ | 225 | 250 | 250 |
| Total | 12,639 | 12,640 | 12,610 |
|  | 38.3 | 37.3 | 37.7 |

Hamilton Wenham Regional School District
Demographic Study

Appendix D: Live Attend Report

## Hamilton Wenham Regional School District

Live Attend Analysis 2013-2014

## Live Attend Analysis

This map series focuses on illustrating the geographic distribution of Hamilton Wenham students in relation to the district boundary.
Here is an example of a map from this series.


## Basic Map Elements

The legend explains how different features are represented, either by a point (e.g. schools and students), or by an area/polygon (e.g. attendance boundaries). The scale bar references the distance ratio of the map in relation to the real world. So the length between 0 and 1 on the map image is equal to a real world distance of one mile.

Please note that each yellow dot represents a student's address, at which, multiple students could reside. Therefore, counting the number of dots shown on the map might not reflect the student population accurately.

## Live-Attend Tables

Each map has a table listing various statistics about the student data in the district. Here is a guide for reading this table:

| School | Live Out of District | Live In <br> District | Unmatched | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buker School | 0 | 239 | 0 | 239 |
| Cutler School | 7 | 272 | 2 | 281 |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | 115 | 557 | 6 | 678 |
| Miles River Middle School | 4 | 432 | 6 | 442 |
| Winthrop School | 2 | 277 | 1 | 280 |
| ZHistory School Archive | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Total | 128 | 1777 | 16 | 1921 |

Live Out of District - number of students who live outside of the Hamilton Wenham district yet attend that school

Live In District - number of students who live within the district boundary

Total - number of students attending each school

Unmatched - number of students whose addresses were not able to be located, and have not been placed on the map.







## Hamilton Wenham HS Students by Town

The table below describes which town the 2013-14 Hamilton Wenham HS students live. According to this table 379 Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School students live in Hamilton, 178 in Wenham, and 121 live out of the district or were unmatched in the GIS.

| Where Hamilton Wenham HS Students Live 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Name | Hamilton | Wenham | Out of <br> District or <br> Unmatched |  |  |  |  |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | 379 | 178 | 121 |  |  |  |  |

The following tables show the by grade breakdown of 2013-14 HS students that live in Hamilton, Wenham, or Out of District/Unmatched.

| High School Students Living within Wenham 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Name | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Total |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | 39 | 50 | 38 | 51 | 178 |


| High School Students Living within Hamilton 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Name | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Total |  |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | $\mathbf{9 1}$ | 76 | 106 | 106 | 379 |


| High School Students Living Out of District 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Name | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Total |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | 33 | 34 | 26 | 22 | 115 |


| High School Students Unmatched in GIS 2013-14 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| School Name | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | Total |
| Hamilton-Wenham Regional High School | 2 | 3 | 1 |  | 6 |

## HAMILTON-WENHAM REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RESIDENT ENROLLMENT BY TOWN: Final 10/24/16 <br> as of October 1, 2016*

|  | Resident/Member | Hamilton | Wenham |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K-12 |  |  |  |
| Buker | 255 | 58 | 197 |
| Cutler | 254 | 214 | 40 |
| Winthrop | 260 | 227 | 33 |
| MRMS | 401 | 260 | 141 |
| HWRHS | 508 | 322 | 186 |
|  | 1678 | 1081 | 597 |


|  | Resident/Member | Hamilton | Wenham |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PreK |  |  |  |
| SPED | 13 | 10 | 3 |
|  | 13 | 10 | 3 |


|  | Resident/Member | Hamilton | Wenham |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Out of District Placements | 33 | 23 | 10 |
|  | 33 | 23 | 10 |


| TOTAL RESIDENT** | 1724 | 1114 | 610 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

*     - Enrollment Data as of Monday, October 3, 2016 per DESE Instructions
** - Does not include Choice (71), Resident Tuitioned-In PreK (18), and Non-Resident Tuitioned- In PreK thru 12 Students (2)

HAMILTON-WENHAM REGIONAL SCHOOL DISTRICT
FINAL 10/24/16: RESIDENT ENROLLMENT BY TOWN FOR USE IN BUDGETARY APPORTIONMENT CALCULATIONS

|  | TOTAL | HAMILTON | WENHAM |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10/1/2016 | 1,724 | 1,114 | 610 |
| 10/1/2015 | 1,754 | 1,147 | 607 |
| 10/1/2014 | 1,765 | 1,168 | 597 |
| 3 Year AVG: |  | 65.40\% | 34.60\% |
| PR YR 3 Year AVG: |  | 66.60\% | 33.40\% |
| Change: |  | -1.20\% | 1.20\% |

## Hamilton Wenham Regional School District

## Historic Data: Resident Student Enrollment

Final October 24, 2016

Resident Student Enrollments as of October 1st:

|  | Hamilton | Wenham | District |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10 / 1 / 2004$ | 1,455 | 642 | 2,097 |
| $10 / 1 / 2005$ | 1,391 | 644 | 2,035 |
| $10 / 1 / 2006$ | 1,372 | 634 | 2,006 |
| $10 / 1 / 2007$ | 1,330 | 632 | 1,962 |
| $10 / 1 / 2008$ | 1,306 | 641 | 1,947 |
| $10 / 1 / 2009$ | 1,280 | 628 | 1,908 |
| $10 / 1 / 2010$ | 1,267 | 584 | 1,851 |
| $10 / 1 / 2011$ | 1,274 | 571 | 1,845 |
| $10 / 1 / 2012$ | 1,274 | 560 | 1,834 |
| $10 / 1 / 2013$ | 1,224 | 571 | 1,795 |
| $10 / 1 / 2014$ | 1,168 | 597 | 1,765 |
| $10 / 1 / 2015$ | 1,147 | 607 | 1,754 |
| $10 / 1 / 2016$ | 1,114 | 610 | 1,724 |

Trailing 3 Year \% Actual (Current Method):

| $10 / 1 / 2016$ (FY18B) | $65.40 \%$ | $34.60 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $10 / 1 / 2015$ (FY17B) | $66.60 \%$ | $33.40 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2014$ (FY16B) | $67.96 \%$ | $32.04 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2013$ (FY15B) | $68.91 \%$ | $31.09 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2012$ (FY14B) | $68.99 \%$ | $31.01 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2011$ (FY13B) | $68.18 \%$ | $31.82 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2010$ (FY12B) | $67.53 \%$ | $32.47 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2009$ (FY11B) | $67.32 \%$ | $32.68 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2008$ (FY10B) | $67.76 \%$ | $32.24 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2007$ (FY09B) | $68.18 \%$ | $31.82 \%$ |
| $10 / 1 / 2006$ (FY08B) | $68.72 \%$ | $31.28 \%$ |

## NESDEE <br> 2015-16 Enrollment Projections

TO: Dr. Michael M. Harvey, Superintendent of Schools, Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA.
FROM: Donald G. Kennedy, Ed.D., Demographic Specialist
DATE: February 19, 2016
RE: Enrollment Projections (dated December 10, 2015)

We are pleased to send you the enclosed documents displaying the past, present, and projected enrollments for the Hamilton-Wenham RSD. We have used the figures given to us by the district and we assume that the method of collecting the enrollment data has been consistent from year to year. It is worth noting that this time of transition is the most difficult of the past 25 years to reliably forecast future enrollments, due to the irregular/uneven pace of communities recovering from the effects of the economic cycle upon real estate markets and school enrollments.

NESDEC's enrollment projection totals for the Hamilton-Wenham district from fall of 2014 data came within 11 students of the actual Grade K-12 enrollment total for fall, 2015 (1,718 projected v. 1,707 actual). In Grades K-5, 789 pupils were projected v. 782 enrolled, a variance of 7 children, in Grades 6-8, 411 pupils were forecast v. 402 enrolled - a difference of 9 students. In Grades 9-12, projections fell within 5 pupils ( 518 projected v. 523 actual). In Kindergarten the most difficult grade to forecast, 123 children were projected v. 119 enrolled, a variance of only 4 children. The NESDEC projection for the Hamilton K-12 total was right on target ( 1,116 were forecast and 1,116 enrolled). Wenham fell within 11 students of the projected number for K-12. (602 projected v. 591 enrolled). Hamilton registered 8 fewer Kindergarteners than expected, ( 89 projected v. 81 enrolled) while Wenham registered 4 more students than projected with 34 projected v. 38 registered.

The two factors now at work which will have the greatest effect upon future enrollments are: the varying number of births to residents of Hamilton-Wenham and, to a greater degree, b. the buildup of new in-migration which had slowed, due to the real estate slowdown. The students currently in Grades 1-10 were born during a period when Hamilton-Wenham was averaging 134 births per year. Recently (and expected over the next 6-7 years) are about 106-123 births annually...averaging about 22 fewer per year than previously. The decline in births at present is spread fairly evenly between Hamilton (almost 13 fewer) and Wenham (almost 9 fewer), each of
which is experiencing fewer births per year. Hard-hit Connecticut experienced an $8.6 \%$ decline in births from 2007 to 2009 (in part caused by the economic Recession), the largest decline among the six New England states followed by an $8.1 \%$ decline in Rhode Island births, the two states with the highest rates of unemployment in the New England region - Massachusetts births declined by only $3.9 \%$ over these three years. Economists are forecasting a slow-yet-steady recovery from the current rates of unemployment which, in turn, may lead to additional in-migration and births. The unemployment rate as of December, 2015 in CT was $5.2 \%$; RI $5.1 \%$; US non-farm unemployment 5.0\% (US unemployment was above 10\% during the Great Recession); New England average $4.7 \%$; MA 4.7\%; ME $4.0 \%$; VT $3.6 \%$; and NH $3.1 \%$ - other nearby states: NJ $5.1 \%$; PA $4.8 \%$; NY $4.8 \%$. This rate affects the likelihood of improving real estate sales, residential construction and number of new families moving into the community.

The ever-changing relationship between Hamilton-Wenham births and Kindergarten enrollments is displayed on the B-K graphs. Hamilton-Wenham combined over the past seven years, have registered about 99 Kindergarteners for every 100 births (five years previous), a relationship which has been fairly stable but has increased slightly over the last three years. This fall there were 106 Kindergarteners for every 100 births registered in the district. However, the towns vary somewhat, a common experience in small communities. In Hamilton, about 93 children register for Kindergarten per 100 births five years prior. This fall there were 91 Kindergarten students registered per every 100 births. In Wenham, about 124 Kindergarteners register per 100 births five years prior. This fall there were 165 Kindergarten students registered per every 100 births. Grade 1 in Hamilton is expected to be $2 \%$ smaller as Kindergarten transitions into the next grade, whereas in Wenham, Grade 1 is expected to be $16 \%$ larger than the prior year's Kindergarten.
"Hidden Trends" within the district: Like many nearby communities Hamilton-Wenham continues to experience enrollment fluctuations of in/out-migration in Grades 1-8 (Grades 9-12 are excluded from this calculation, as often there sometimes is a decrease of $11 \%$ in Grade 9 in Hamilton and a $5 \%$ decrease in Wenham for vocational choices that have little to do with families moving out of the two communities). There are additional trends and counter-trends to consider. More so than other grade levels, Grades 1-8 in most districts tend to be quite stable in their numbers. For example, if last year the Grade 1-7 total was 1,000 children, then (if no one moved in or out) this fall's Grades 2-8 would equal 1,000 - the same cohort of children. Because Grades 1-8 tend to be the most stable in total K-12 enrollment, these Grades 1-8 are excellent places to discover "hidden trends" that otherwise might go unnoticed and provide a useful yardstick by which to measure a district's tendency toward in-/out-migration. The past three school years have seen a very slight average net inmigration into Hamilton-Wenham at grade levels which more commonly experience stability.
For example, in Hamilton-Wenham, the 943 children in Grades 1-7 in 2013-14 decreased by 1 student and resulted in 942 children in Grades 2-8 in the 2014-15 school year. The 917 children in Grades 1-7 in 2014-15,
increased by 2 students to become 919 in 2015-16. In Hamilton this year, there are 597 students in Grades 2-8 v. 600 in Grades 1-7 last year (2014-15), a net loss of 3 students. In Wenham in 2015-16 there was a net gain of 5 students in these grades ( 317 v .322 in 2014-15), a departure from the gain of 18 students experienced from 2013-14 to 2014-15. The presence of a net in/out-migration trend is evidence of the complexity of enrollments in these unsettled economic times, quite opposite from the factor of declining numbers of births. Analysis of these hidden trends provides an additional benchmark by which to assess enrollment trends.

Over the next three years, K-5 enrollments in Hamilton-Wenham are forecast to increase by a total of 17 students. Grades 6-8 to decrease by 15 children; and Grades 9-12 to decrease by 31 pupils ... all within the next three years. After that point these projections show a general trend towards fairly stable enrollments across all grade levels with fluctuations in some years as classes move through the grades. Looking at the individual towns, over the next three school years, the K-5 enrollment in Hamilton is forecast to decline by 29 children; to increase slightly by 2 students in Grades 6-8; and to decrease by 33 pupils in Grades 9-12. Years \#6-10 indicate a trend towards slight fluctuations year to year resulting in the total K-12 projected decrease in Hamilton to be 138 students over a decade. Wenham is projected to increase by 46 children in Grades K-5 over the next three years; to decrease by 17 students in Grades 6-8; to increase slightly by 2 pupils in Grades 9-12 ...all as classes move up the grades. Over the decade, K-12 Wenham enrollments are forecast to increase by 118 students. That said, it is quite possible that real estate turnover in both communities will have increased, bringing in additional new families - see the "Projections" page.

Will these patterns of increasing enrollments really last for as long as ten years? That is difficult to answer. All projections are more reliable in Years \#1-5; and less reliable in Years \#6-10. As soon as the economy and real estate situation become more stable in the region, additional in-migration may occur in Hamilton-Wenham. Many communities in the region sold during 2008-2013 only about $60-80 \%$ as many homes as in 2003-2005. Building permits had slowed as well; see the "Additional Data" table below. According to data from the Warren Group, Wenham's 2015 single family sales total was the second highest in the past 29 years. Hamilton's single family sales total was the second highest in 16 years. Should this sales pattern continue, it is likely that as additional families move in, any forecasted declines may require adjustment. See the description on Page 4 below regarding "reliability of projections". The birth numbers used in the projections, through 2012, are from the MA Department of Public Health. The "estimated" years, beginning with 2013 are a rolling five-year average, which NESDEC has found to be the most accurate method of estimation. Local City/Town Clerks have up-to-date birth information however do not have access to the numbers of Hamilton-Wenham residents born out-of-state (information which will eventually become known to the MA DPH).

The two most difficult grades to forecast in all districts are Kindergarten and Grade 9. The latter is difficult to anticipate, as there are so many options for Grade 9 (in vocational or agricultural schools, private or parochial non-public schools, etc.). Kindergarten can be difficult to project based upon births alone, as many districts have large numbers of "net move-ins/move-outs" who are ages 1-4. Some districts take the extra steps to track 3 and 4-year olds with a local census, or report to NESDEC the known number of 4-year olds in local preschools/nursery schools which typically enroll Kindergarteners in the district. Knowing this information helps NESDEC to project Kindergarteners more reliably...as does data from the Kindergarten Screening in districts which also track 3 and 4 -year old siblings (or neighbors) at that time. The more data, in addition to births, which is sent to NESDEC, the greater is the chance that "enrollment surprises" will be minimized.

Will many new families be moving into our school district? Everyday across America, 10,000 "Baby Boomers" celebrate their $65^{\text {th }}$ birthday - a phenomenon which will continue for a decade. New England has a disproportionately large share of these senior citizens, many of whom had planned to "downsize" their living arrangements, yet postponed putting homes on the market due to the Great Recession. School enrollments are influenced strongly by the number of real estate sales, as these contribute new families moving into many districts. In over $80 \%$ of districts, the number of real estate sales is $4-5$ times larger than the number of building permits for new residential construction - thus the number of real estate sales often is a more important factor than building permits.

In New England, how rapidly will additional homes be placed on the market? A mid-2014 study using data from the Federal Housing Finance Agency, Bureau of Economic Analysis and the U.S. Census Bureau directly links home prices to the "real Gross Domestic Product" (GDP) in each of the nine regions in the country. However New England ranks only $7^{\text {th }}$ among the 9 regions in the recovery of its regional economy (as measured in "the bubble" prior to the Recession, in "real GDP"). Comparing the regional economies from 2 Quarter of 2007 to 4 Quarter 2013: W. South Central $=+18.6 \%$ (that is, many jobs are available); W. North Central $+11.8 \%$; Pacific $+7.4 \%$; E. South Central $+5.6 \%$; Middle Atlantic $+5.1 \%$; Mountain $+4.1 \%$; New England $+3.4 \%$; South Atlantic $+2.1 \%$; and E. North Central $+2.0 \%$. Home sales prices are $+14.6 \%$ in the W. South Central region (including Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma) with the strongest "real G.D.P." v. -4.4\% in New England. Thus, although real estate sales and rentals are very strong in some New England towns and cities, there are many senior citizens still refraining from placing their homes on the market - as house prices still may be rising. New England births, however, are likely to remain at low levels, due to the advanced age of the New England population.

## Analyzing Your Enrollment

Historical Public Enrollments

1. After the "YEAR" column can be found the "BIRTHS" column. The number of births to residents for each of eleven years is displayed. Note any trends, e.g., have births been decreasing? increasing? leveling off? Kindergarten and Grade 1 enrollments normally are quite responsive to these fluctuations.
2. Look down the $K$ and 1 columns, noting the direction of the trend. This affords a comparison of these classes over a ten-year period. Add the K and Grade 1 enrollments of the first school year recorded, and compare them with the sum of the current $K$ and Grade 1 enrollments.
3. Take the first K class and follow it diagonally to trace its movement to Grade 1, 2, etc. up to its current 10th grade status. This comparison (which can be accomplished for other classes also) gives some measure of the effects of migration in your school district. If a sixth grade class today is larger than it was as a K class six years ago, then net in-migration probably has occurred; if it is smaller, then net out-migration probably has occurred.
4. Compare each K class with the previous year's graduating class. Note which is larger and by what amount one surpasses the other. Larger graduating classes generally reflect declining enrollments; larger K classes generally indicate increasing enrollments.
5. In the "Grade Combinations" section, note the trends of elementary, middle school and high school enrollments. A significant and consistent trend in these summaries usually results in the corresponding trend for projected enrollments. If enrollments are leveling off in the elementary grades after a period of decline, then the secondary enrollments might be expected to continue to decline for several years until the leveling off experience has had time to take hold at the secondary grades.
6. Note the trends exhibited in the total K-12 (or 1-12) projection for the next five years as well as the projections for various grade combinations. The trends on this page should generally exhibit a continuation of the trends mentioned above for historical enrollments, although the rate of change may be quite different.
7. Look at the births in the most recent years and note whether the trend is up, down, or level.
8. Make similar comparisons as appropriate on this page as were suggested for the "Historical Public Enrollments" page.

## PROJECTION METHODOLOGY

Cohort component (survival) technique is a frequently used method of preparing enrollment forecasts. NESDEC uses this method, but modifies it in order to move away from forecasts which are wholly computer or formula driven. Such modification permits the incorporation of important, current town-specific information into the generation of the enrollment forecasts (such as the volume of real estate sales, building permits, in/out-migration, etc.). Basically, percentages are calculated from the historical enrollment data to determine a reliable percentage of increase or decrease in enrollment between any two grades. For example, if 100 students enrolled in Grade 1 in 2013-14, increased to 104 students in Grade 2 in 2014-15, the percentage of survival would have been $104 \%$ or a ratio of 1.04 . Such ratios are calculated between each pair of grades or years in school over several recent years.

After study and analysis of the historical ratios, and based upon a reasonable set of assumptions regarding births, migration rates, retention rates, etc., ratios most indicative of future growth patterns are determined for each pair of grades. The ratios thus selected are applied to the present enrollment statistics for a pre-determined number of years. The ratios used are the key factors in the reliability of the projections, given the validity of the data at the starting point. The strength of the ratios lies in the fact that each ratio encompasses collectively the variables that account for increases or decreases in the size of a grade enrollment as it moves on to the next grade. Each ratio represents the cumulative effect of the following factors:

1. Real estate turnover and new residential construction;
2. Migration, in or out, of the schools;
3. Drop-outs, transfers, etc.;
4. Births to residents;
5. Retention in the same grade.

RELIABILITY OF ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS
Projections can serve as useful guides to school administrators for educational planning. In this regard, the projections are generally most reliable when they are closest in time to the current year. Projections six to ten years out may serve as a guide to future enrollments, and are useful for facility planning purposes. However, they should be viewed as subject to change given the likelihood of changes in the underlying assumptions/trends.

Projections that are based upon the children who already are in the district (the current K-12 population only) will be the most reliable; the second level of reliability will be for those children already born into the community but not yet old enough to be in school. A less reliable category is the group for which an estimate must be made to predict the number of births, thereby adding an additional variable. See these three multicolored groupings on the "Projected Enrollment" slide/page.

How often do the actual enrollments closely match the NESDEC projections? The research literature reports the closest that enrollment forecasters are likely to come to actual enrollments is about $1 \%$ variance per year-from-the-known-data. That is, a $1 \%$ variance from projection-to-actual "one-year-out" into the future ( $2 \%$ variance "two-years-out" ... 10\% variance "ten-years-out"). NESDEC reaches this "highest possible" standard in about $90 \%$ of cases. When our NESDEC variance is greater, the reasons often are one of the following: a. imbedded/intervening "hidden" variables (examples: a parochial school closed or other students returned from non-public schools, a charter school opened, the Kindergarten program changed entrance age or to extended/fullday, the high school toughened its course credit/graduation requirements, the District set new attendance boundaries for elementary schools, or the District had well-publicized budget/referendum academic accreditation difficulties); b. the District size was below 500 students, thus subject to fluctuations in total numbers; or c . the District has not done enrollment projections on an annual basis.

Annual updates allow for early identification of recent changes in historical trends. When the actual enrollment in a grade is significantly different (high or low) from the projected number, it is important (yet difficult) to determine whether this is a one-year aberration or whether a new trend may have begun. In light of this possibility, NESDEC urges all school districts to have updated enrollment forecasts developed by NESDEC each October. This service is available at no cost to affiliated school districts.

## NESDES <br> Using This Information Electronically

If you would like to extract the information contained in this report for your own documents or presentations, you can use Adobe Acrobat reader to convert the desired information to a "snapshot," which can be inserted into PowerPoint slides, Word documents, etc. Because the snapshot tool creates a graphic, the image is not editable.

Steps for Using The Snapshot Tool in Adobe Acrobat Reader 8.0:

1. Click on Tools Menu;
2. Choose "Select \& Zoom;"
3. Choose "Snapshot Tool;"
4. Click and drag around the text, chart, and/or graphics that you would like to capture: your selection will be copied to the clipboard automatically;
5. Click in the document where you would like the information to appear;*
6. Give Paste command.

If you have an earlier version of Adobe Acrobat and these instructions don't work for you, contact your tech support person, or NESDEC and we will try to assist you. Telephone (508)481-9444 or ep@nesdec.org. Ask for Peggy, Don, or Carol.
*You may paste your snapshot onto a PowerPoint slide, onto an Excel sheet, or even into a graphics program to save as a separate graphic file (in .jpg or other format), so that it is available for inserting into future documents.

## Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth <br> Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2000 | 133 | 2005-06 | 24 | 118 | 138 | 138 | 149 | 176 | 169 | 183 | 154 | 181 | 155 | 145 | 165 | 138 | 0 | 2009 | 2033 |
| 2001 | 146 | 2006-07 | 34 | 143 | 129 | 140 | 141 | 148 | 174 | 170 | 178 | 154 | 161 | 149 | 147 | 157 | 0 | 1991 | 2025 |
| 2002 | 156 | 2007-08 | 29 | 125 | 141 | 130 | 146 | 144 | 146 | 165 | 166 | 177 | 139 | 163 | 147 | 143 | 0 | 1932 | 1961 |
| 2003 | 149 | 2008-09 | 33 | 124 | 132 | 145 | 135 | 147 | 144 | 144 | 166 | 158 | 168 | 135 | 167 | 149 | 0 | 1914 | 1947 |
| 2004 | 127 | 2009-10 | 19 | 127 | 133 | 135 | 151 | 133 | 148 | 142 | 143 | 172 | 144 | 165 | 139 | 157 | 0 | 1889 | 1908 |
| 2005 | 142 | 2010-11 | 11 | 132 | 125 | 132 | 144 | 155 | 134 | 150 | 144 | 141 | 154 | 138 | 156 | 134 | 0 | 1839 | 1850 |
| 2006 | 123 | 2011-12 | 20 | 101 | 131 | 127 | 137 | 149 | 148 | 135 | 149 | 142 | 148 | 161 | 143 | 152 | 2 | 1825 | 1845 |
| 2007 | 133 | 2012-13 | 28 | 120 | 106 | 139 | 134 | 137 | 146 | 156 | 138 | 148 | 134 | 145 | 162 | 141 | 0 | 1806 | 1834 |
| 2008 | 114 | 2013-14 | 23 | 120 | 121 | 119 | 133 | 135 | 139 | 142 | 154 | 141 | 132 | 129 | 144 | 158 | 0 | 1767 | 1790 |
| 2009 | 119 | 2014-15 | 18 | 142 | 128 | 123 | 121 | 135 | 135 | 136 | 139 | 153 | 128 | 128 | 129 | 136 | 0 | 1733 | 1751 |
| 2010 | 112 | 2015-16 | 28 | 119 | 146 | 123 | 129 | 125 | 140 | 132 | 135 | 135 | 143 | 128 | 125 | 127 | 0 | 1707 | 1735 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 912 | 888 | 1071 | 1406 | 687 | 518 | 335 | 938 | 603 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 909 | 875 | 1045 | 1377 | 676 | 502 | 332 | 946 | 614 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 861 | 832 | 997 | 1340 | 654 | 508 | 343 | 935 | 592 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 860 | 827 | 971 | 1295 | 612 | 468 | 324 | 943 | 619 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 846 | 827 | 969 | 1284 | 605 | 457 | 315 | 920 | 605 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 833 | 822 | 972 | 1257 | 569 | 435 | 285 | 867 | 582 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 813 | 793 | 928 | 1219 | 574 | 426 | 291 | 895 | 604 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 810 | 782 | 938 | 1224 | 588 | 442 | 286 | 868 | 582 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 790 | 767 | 909 | 1204 | 576 | 437 | 295 | 858 | 563 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 802 | 784 | 920 | 1212 | 563 | 428 | 292 | 813 | 521 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 810 | 782 | 914 | 1184 | 542 | 402 | 270 | 793 | 523 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 2009 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 1991 | -18 | $-0.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 1932 | -59 | $-3.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 1914 | -18 | $-0.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 1889 | -25 | $-1.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 1839 | -50 | $-2.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 1825 | -14 | $-0.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 1806 | -19 | $-1.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 1767 | -39 | $-2.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 1733 | -34 | $-1.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1707 | -26 | $-1.5 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 3 0 2}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{- 2 5 . 0} \%$ |  |  |  |

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## Tद्धाEF <br> Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2015

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Enrollment Projections By Grade*

| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | 112 |  | 2015-16 | 28 | 119 | 146 | 123 | 129 | 125 | 140 | 132 | 135 | 135 | 143 | 128 | 125 | 127 | 0 | 1707 | 1735 |
| 2011 | 106 |  | 2016-17 | 29 | 116 | 123 | 152 | 125 | 131 | 127 | 137 | 130 | 134 | 123 | 140 | 126 | 120 | 0 | 1684 | 1713 |
| 2012 | 123 |  | 2017-18 | 31 | 133 | 120 | 128 | 153 | 128 | 133 | 124 | 135 | 129 | 122 | 121 | 139 | 123 | 0 | 1688 | 1719 |
| 2013 | 110 |  | 2018-19 | 32 | 119 | 138 | 125 | 130 | 156 | 131 | 130 | 123 | 134 | 118 | 120 | 119 | 135 | 0 | 1678 | 1710 |
| 2014 | 110 |  | 2019-20 | 34 | 119 | 123 | 144 | 127 | 133 | 160 | 130 | 128 | 122 | 122 | 116 | 119 | 116 | 0 | 1659 | 1693 |
| 2015 | 112 | (est.) | 2020-21 | 35 | 121 | 123 | 128 | 146 | 130 | 136 | 157 | 128 | 127 | 111 | 120 | 114 | 115 | 0 | 1656 | 1691 |
| 2016 | 112 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 37 | 122 | 125 | 128 | 130 | 149 | 133 | 134 | 155 | 128 | 116 | 109 | 119 | 111 | 0 | 1659 | 1696 |
| 2017 | 113 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 38 | 122 | 126 | 130 | 130 | 133 | 153 | 132 | 132 | 155 | 118 | 114 | 108 | 115 | 0 | 1668 | 1706 |
| 2018 | 112 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 40 | 121 | 126 | 131 | 132 | 133 | 136 | 151 | 130 | 132 | 142 | 117 | 113 | 104 | 0 | 1668 | 1708 |
| 2019 | 112 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 41 | 121 | 125 | 131 | 133 | 135 | 136 | 133 | 149 | 130 | 121 | 140 | 115 | 109 | 0 | 1678 | 1719 |
| 2020 | 112 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 43 | 121 | 125 | 130 | 133 | 136 | 138 | 134 | 131 | 149 | 120 | 119 | 138 | 113 | 0 | 1687 | 1730 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already born

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 810 | 782 | 914 | 1184 | 542 | 402 | 270 | 793 | 523 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 803 | 774 | 911 | 1175 | 528 | 401 | 264 | 773 | 509 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 826 | 795 | 919 | 1183 | 521 | 388 | 264 | 769 | 505 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 831 | 799 | 929 | 1186 | 518 | 387 | 257 | 749 | 492 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 840 | 806 | 936 | 1186 | 540 | 380 | 250 | 723 | 473 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 819 | 784 | 941 | 1196 | 548 | 412 | 255 | 715 | 460 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 824 | 787 | 921 | 1204 | 550 | 417 | 283 | 738 | 455 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 832 | 794 | 926 | 1213 | 572 | 419 | 287 | 742 | 455 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 819 | 779 | 930 | 1192 | 549 | 413 | 262 | 738 | 476 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 822 | 781 | 914 | 1193 | 548 | 412 | 279 | 764 | 485 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 826 | 783 | 917 | 1197 | 552 | 414 | 280 | 770 | 490 |

See "Reliability of Enrollment Projections" section of accompanying letter.
Projections are more reliable for Years \#1-5 in the future than for Years \#6 and beyond.

| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1707 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1684 | -23 | $-1.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 1688 | 4 | $0.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 1678 | -10 | $-0.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 1659 | -19 | $-1.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 1656 | -3 | $-0.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 1659 | 3 | $0.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 1668 | 9 | $0.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 1668 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 1678 | 10 | $0.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 1687 | 9 | $0.5 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |

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## HESDEF <br> Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2025 Based On Data Through School Year 2015-16


[^1]
## CISSDEF <br> Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2025

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## NFSDIFE <br> Hamilton-Wenham RSD, MA Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship


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## Hamilton, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth <br> Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2000 | 102 | 2005-06 | 16 | 76 | 94 | 82 | 100 | 125 | 118 | 122 | 95 | 127 | 110 | 104 | 121 | 99 | 0 | 1373 | 1389 |
| 2001 | 103 | 2006-07 | 22 | 103 | 88 | 95 | 86 | 99 | 122 | 121 | 119 | 95 | 112 | 105 | 105 | 113 | 0 | 1363 | 1385 |
| 2002 | 118 | 2007-08 | 24 | 81 | 100 | 85 | 101 | 88 | 98 | 115 | 116 | 119 | 86 | 112 | 101 | 104 | 0 | 1306 | 1330 |
| 2003 | 107 | 2008-09 | 25 | 86 | 83 | 102 | 91 | 103 | 90 | 94 | 116 | 110 | 108 | 84 | 114 | 100 | 0 | 1281 | 1306 |
| 2004 | 86 | 2009-10 | 14 | 80 | 93 | 87 | 107 | 92 | 104 | 87 | 94 | 121 | 100 | 109 | 86 | 106 | 0 | 1266 | 1280 |
| 2005 | 110 | 2010-11 | 6 | 109 | 79 | 94 | 91 | 110 | 91 | 108 | 89 | 96 | 111 | 98 | 101 | 83 | 0 | 1260 | 1266 |
| 2006 | 93 | 2011-12 | 14 | 77 | 102 | 80 | 97 | 92 | 105 | 89 | 108 | 90 | 102 | 116 | 101 | 99 | 2 | 1260 | 1274 |
| 2007 | 100 | 2012-13 | 23 | 90 | 80 | 101 | 83 | 102 | 89 | 106 | 91 | 106 | 86 | 105 | 112 | 100 | 0 | 1251 | 1274 |
| 2008 | 93 | 2013-14 | 18 | 80 | 89 | 87 | 97 | 84 | 98 | 86 | 107 | 93 | 93 | 79 | 106 | 107 | 0 | 1206 | 1224 |
| 2009 | 91 | 2014-15 | 15 | 98 | 75 | 86 | 86 | 95 | 84 | 91 | 83 | 104 | 80 | 88 | 80 | 99 | 0 | 1149 | 1164 |
| 2010 | 89 | 2015-16 | 24 | 81 | 98 | 72 | 89 | 87 | 95 | 81 | 92 | 81 | 98 | 80 | 86 | 76 | 0 | 1116 | 1140 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 611 | 595 | 717 | 939 | 462 | 344 | 222 | 656 | 434 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 615 | 593 | 714 | 928 | 457 | 335 | 214 | 649 | 435 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 577 | 553 | 668 | 903 | 448 | 350 | 235 | 638 | 403 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 580 | 555 | 649 | 875 | 410 | 320 | 226 | 632 | 406 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 577 | 563 | 650 | 865 | 406 | 302 | 215 | 616 | 401 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 580 | 574 | 682 | 867 | 384 | 293 | 185 | 578 | 393 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 567 | 553 | 642 | 840 | 392 | 287 | 198 | 616 | 418 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 568 | 545 | 651 | 848 | 392 | 303 | 197 | 600 | 403 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 553 | 535 | 621 | 821 | 384 | 286 | 200 | 585 | 385 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 539 | 524 | 615 | 802 | 362 | 278 | 187 | 534 | 347 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 546 | 522 | 603 | 776 | 349 | 254 | 173 | 513 | 340 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 1373 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 1363 | -10 | $-0.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 1306 | -57 | $-4.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 1281 | -25 | $-1.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 1266 | -15 | $-1.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 1260 | -6 | $-0.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 1260 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 1251 | -9 | $-0.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 1206 | -45 | $-3.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 1149 | -57 | $-4.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1116 | -33 | $-2.9 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 2 5 7}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{- 1 8 . 7} \%$ |  |  |  |

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Hamilton, MA Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2015


## Hamilton, MA Projected Enrollment

Enrollment Projections By Grade*

| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | 89 |  | 2015-16 | 24 | 81 | 98 | 72 | 89 | 87 | 95 | 81 | 92 | 81 | 98 | 80 | 86 | 76 | 0 | 1116 | 1140 |
| 2011 | 80 |  | 2016-17 | 24 | 76 | 79 | 98 | 72 | 89 | 86 | 91 | 81 | 91 | 72 | 94 | 80 | 81 | 0 | 1090 | 1114 |
| 2012 | 96 |  | 2017-18 | 25 | 91 | 74 | 79 | 97 | 72 | 88 | 82 | 91 | 80 | 81 | 69 | 94 | 76 | 0 | 1074 | 1099 |
| 2013 | 87 |  | 2018-19 | 25 | 83 | 89 | 74 | 79 | 97 | 71 | 84 | 82 | 90 | 71 | 78 | 69 | 89 | 0 | 1056 | 1081 |
| 2014 | 86 |  | 2019-20 | 26 | 82 | 81 | 89 | 74 | 79 | 96 | 68 | 84 | 81 | 80 | 68 | 78 | 65 | 0 | 1025 | 1051 |
| 2015 | 88 | (est.) | 2020-21 | 26 | 83 | 80 | 81 | 89 | 74 | 78 | 91 | 68 | 83 | 72 | 77 | 68 | 74 | 0 | 1018 | 1044 |
| 2016 | 87 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 27 | 83 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 89 | 73 | 74 | 91 | 67 | 74 | 69 | 77 | 64 | 0 | 1003 | 1030 |
| 2017 | 89 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 27 | 84 | 81 | 81 | 80 | 81 | 88 | 70 | 74 | 90 | 60 | 71 | 69 | 73 | 0 | 1002 | 1029 |
| 2018 | 87 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 28 | 83 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 80 | 80 | 84 | 70 | 73 | 80 | 58 | 71 | 65 | 0 | 988 | 1016 |
| 2019 | 87 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 28 | 83 | 81 | 82 | 81 | 81 | 79 | 76 | 84 | 69 | 65 | 77 | 58 | 67 | 0 | 983 | 1011 |
| 2020 | 88 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 29 | 83 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 81 | 80 | 75 | 76 | 83 | 62 | 62 | 77 | 55 | 0 | 978 | 1007 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already bornBased on students already enrolled

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 546 | 522 | 603 | 776 | 349 | 254 | 173 | 513 | 340 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 524 | 500 | 591 | 763 | 349 | 263 | 172 | 499 | 327 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 526 | 501 | 583 | 754 | 341 | 253 | 171 | 491 | 320 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 518 | 493 | 577 | 749 | 327 | 256 | 172 | 479 | 307 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 527 | 501 | 569 | 734 | 329 | 233 | 165 | 456 | 291 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 511 | 485 | 576 | 727 | 320 | 242 | 151 | 442 | 291 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 514 | 487 | 561 | 719 | 305 | 232 | 158 | 442 | 284 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 522 | 495 | 565 | 729 | 322 | 234 | 164 | 437 | 273 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 515 | 487 | 571 | 714 | 307 | 227 | 143 | 417 | 274 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 515 | 487 | 563 | 716 | 308 | 229 | 153 | 420 | 267 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 517 | 488 | 563 | 722 | 314 | 234 | 159 | 415 | 256 |

See "Reliability of Enrollment Projections" section of accompanying letter.
Projections are more reliable for Years \#1-5 in the future than for Years \#6 and beyond.

| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1116 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1090 | -26 | $-2.3 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 1074 | -16 | $-1.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 1056 | -18 | $-1.7 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 1025 | -31 | $-2.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 1018 | -7 | $-0.7 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 1003 | -15 | $-1.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 1002 | -1 | $-0.1 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 988 | -14 | $-1.4 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 983 | -5 | $-0.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 978 | -5 | $-0.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 1 3 8}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{- 1 2 . 4} \%$ |

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## TISSDEF

## Hamilton, MA Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2025 Based On Data Through School Year 2015-16


[^2]
## HESDER <br> Hamilton, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2025

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## TLSSDEF

## Hamilton, MA Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship


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## NESDIE

## Hamilton, MA Additional Data

| Building Permits Issued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Single-Family | Multi-Units |
| 2005 | 3 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
| 2011 | 1 | 0 |
| 2012 | 3 | 0 |
| 2013 | 10 | 0 |
| 2014 | 5 | 0 |
| 2015 | 2 to Oct 31 | 0 |


| Enrollment History |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Voc-Tech 9-12 Total | Non-Public K-12 Total |
| 2005-06 | 3 | 244 |
|  |  |  |
| 2011-12 | 9 | 237 |
| 2012-13 | 6 | 187 |
| 2013-14 | 9 | 196 |
| 2014-15 | 12 | 230 |
| 2015-16 | 15 | 221 |

Source: HUD and Building Department

| Residents in Non-Public Independent and Parochial Schools (General Education) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enrollments as of Oct. 1 | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | K-12 TOTAL |
|  | 15 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 23 | 15 | 18 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 21 | 25 | 19 | 221 |


| K-12 Home-Schooled Students |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2015 | 38 |



The above data were used to assist in the preparation of the enrollment projections. If additional demographic work is needed, please contact our office.
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## Wenham, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth <br> Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2000 | 31 | 2005-06 | 8 | 42 | 44 | 56 | 49 | 51 | 51 | 61 | 59 | 54 | 45 | 41 | 44 | 39 | 0 | 636 | 644 |
| 2001 | 43 | 2006-07 | 12 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 55 | 49 | 52 | 49 | 59 | 59 | 49 | 44 | 42 | 44 | 0 | 628 | 640 |
| 2002 | 38 | 2007-08 | 5 | 44 | 41 | 45 | 45 | 56 | 48 | 50 | 50 | 58 | 53 | 51 | 46 | 39 | 0 | 626 | 631 |
| 2003 | 42 | 2008-09 | 8 | 38 | 49 | 43 | 44 | 44 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 60 | 51 | 53 | 49 | 0 | 633 | 641 |
| 2004 | 41 | 2009-10 | 5 | 47 | 40 | 48 | 44 | 41 | 44 | 55 | 49 | 51 | 44 | 56 | 53 | 51 | 0 | 623 | 628 |
| 2005 | 32 | 2010-11 | 5 | 23 | 46 | 38 | 53 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 55 | 45 | 43 | 40 | 55 | 51 | 0 | 579 | 584 |
| 2006 | 30 | 2011-12 | 6 | 24 | 29 | 47 | 40 | 57 | 43 | 46 | 41 | 52 | 46 | 45 | 42 | 53 | 0 | 565 | 571 |
| 2007 | 33 | 2012-13 | 5 | 30 | 26 | 38 | 51 | 35 | 57 | 50 | 47 | 42 | 48 | 40 | 50 | 41 | 0 | 555 | 560 |
| 2008 | 21 | 2013-14 | 5 | 40 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 51 | 41 | 56 | 47 | 48 | 39 | 50 | 38 | 51 | 0 | 561 | 566 |
| 2009 | 28 | 2014-15 | 3 | 44 | 53 | 37 | 35 | 40 | 51 | 45 | 56 | 49 | 48 | 40 | 49 | 37 | 0 | 584 | 587 |
| 2010 | 23 | 2015-16 | 4 | 38 | 48 | 51 | 40 | 38 | 45 | 51 | 43 | 54 | 45 | 48 | 39 | 51 | 0 | 591 | 595 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 301 | 293 | 354 | 467 | 225 | 174 | 113 | 282 | 169 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 294 | 282 | 331 | 449 | 219 | 167 | 118 | 297 | 179 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 284 | 279 | 329 | 437 | 206 | 158 | 108 | 297 | 189 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 280 | 272 | 322 | 420 | 202 | 148 | 98 | 311 | 213 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 269 | 264 | 319 | 419 | 199 | 155 | 100 | 304 | 204 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 253 | 248 | 290 | 390 | 185 | 142 | 100 | 289 | 189 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 246 | 240 | 286 | 379 | 182 | 139 | 93 | 279 | 186 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 242 | 237 | 287 | 376 | 196 | 139 | 89 | 268 | 179 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 237 | 232 | 288 | 383 | 192 | 151 | 95 | 273 | 178 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 263 | 260 | 305 | 410 | 201 | 150 | 105 | 279 | 174 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 264 | 260 | 311 | 408 | 193 | 148 | 97 | 280 | 183 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5 - 0 6}$ | 636 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 628 | -8 | $-1.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 626 | -2 | $-0.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 633 | 7 | $1.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 623 | -10 | $-1.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 579 | -44 | $-7.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 565 | -14 | $-2.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 555 | -10 | $-1.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 561 | 6 | $1.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 584 | 23 | $4.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 591 | 7 | $1.2 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 4 5}$ |  |  |

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## 1/5.515F <br> Wenham, MA Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2015

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## Wenham, MA Projected Enrollment

Enrollment Projections By Grade*

| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2010 | 23 |  | 2015-16 | 4 | 38 | 48 | 51 | 40 | 38 | 45 | 51 | 43 | 54 | 45 | 48 | 39 | 51 | 0 | 591 | 595 |
| 2011 | 26 |  | 2016-17 | 5 | 40 | 44 | 54 | 53 | 42 | 41 | 46 | 49 | 43 | 51 | 46 | 46 | 39 | 0 | 594 | 599 |
| 2012 | 27 |  | 2017-18 | 6 | 42 | 46 | 49 | 56 | 56 | 45 | 42 | 44 | 49 | 41 | 52 | 45 | 47 | 0 | 614 | 620 |
| 2013 | 23 |  | 2018-19 | 7 | 36 | 49 | 51 | 51 | 59 | 60 | 46 | 41 | 44 | 47 | 42 | 50 | 46 | 0 | 622 | 629 |
| 2014 | 24 |  | 2019-20 | 8 | 37 | 42 | 55 | 53 | 54 | 64 | 62 | 44 | 41 | 42 | 48 | 41 | 51 | 0 | 634 | 642 |
| 2015 | 25 | (est.) | 2020-21 | 9 | 38 | 43 | 47 | 57 | 56 | 58 | 66 | 60 | 44 | 39 | 43 | 46 | 41 | 0 | 638 | 647 |
| 2016 | 25 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 10 | 39 | 44 | 48 | 49 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 64 | 61 | 42 | 40 | 42 | 47 | 0 | 656 | 666 |
| 2017 | 25 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 11 | 38 | 45 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 65 | 62 | 58 | 65 | 58 | 43 | 39 | 42 | 0 | 666 | 677 |
| 2018 | 24 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 12 | 38 | 44 | 50 | 51 | 53 | 56 | 67 | 60 | 59 | 62 | 59 | 42 | 39 | 0 | 680 | 692 |
| 2019 | 24 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 13 | 38 | 44 | 49 | 52 | 54 | 57 | 57 | 65 | 61 | 56 | 63 | 57 | 42 | 0 | 695 | 708 |
| 2020 | 25 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 14 | 38 | 44 | 49 | 51 | 55 | 58 | 59 | 55 | 66 | 58 | 57 | 61 | 58 | 0 | 709 | 723 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already born
Based on students already enrolled

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 264 | 260 | 311 | 408 | 193 | 148 | 97 | 280 | 183 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 279 | 274 | 320 | 412 | 179 | 138 | 92 | 274 | 182 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 300 | 294 | 336 | 429 | 180 | 135 | 93 | 278 | 185 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 313 | 306 | 352 | 437 | 191 | 131 | 85 | 270 | 185 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 313 | 305 | 367 | 452 | 211 | 147 | 85 | 267 | 182 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 308 | 299 | 365 | 469 | 228 | 170 | 104 | 273 | 169 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 310 | 300 | 360 | 485 | 245 | 185 | 125 | 296 | 171 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 310 | 299 | 361 | 484 | 250 | 185 | 123 | 305 | 182 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 304 | 292 | 359 | 478 | 242 | 186 | 119 | 321 | 202 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 307 | 294 | 351 | 477 | 240 | 183 | 126 | 344 | 218 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 309 | 295 | 354 | 475 | 238 | 180 | 121 | 355 | 234 |

See "Reliability of Enrollment Projections" section of accompanying letter.
Projections are more reliable for Years \#1-5 in the future than for Years \#6 and beyond.

| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 591 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 594 | 3 | $0.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 614 | 20 | $3.4 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 622 | 8 | $1.3 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 634 | 12 | $1.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 638 | 4 | $0.6 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 656 | 18 | $2.8 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 666 | 10 | $1.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 680 | 14 | $2.1 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 695 | 15 | $2.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 709 | 14 | $2.0 \%$ |  |  |
| Change | $\mathbf{1 1 8}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{2 0 . 0} \%$ |

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## TESDEF

## Wenham, MA Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2025 Based On Data Through School Year 2015-16


[^3]
## HESDIER <br> Wenham, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2005-2025

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## NESDEF

## Wenham, MA Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship


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## HESUTES

## Wenham, MA Additional Data

| Building Permits Issued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Single-Family | Multi-Units |
| 2005 | 3 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
| 2011 | 1 | 0 |
| 2012 | 2 | 0 |
| 2013 | 6 | 0 |
| 2014 | 6 | 0 |
| 2015 | 3 to Oct 31 | 2 to Oct 31 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Enrollment History } \\ \text { Voc-Tech } \\ \text { Year }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Non-Public <br>

K-12 Total\end{array}\right]\)

Source: HUD and Building Department

| Residents in Non-Public Independent and Parochial Schools (General Education) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enrollments as of Oct. 1 | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | K-12 TOTAL |
|  | 4 | 5 | 2 | 8 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 9 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 121 |


| K-12 Home-Schooled Students |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2015 | 10 |



The above data were used to assist in the preparation of the enrollment projections. If additional demographic work is needed, please contact our office.
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## 2016-17 Enrollment Projections

| TO: | Dr. Michael Harvey, Superintendent of Schools, Hamilton-Wenham School District, MA. |
| :--- | :--- |
| FROM: | Donald G. Kennedy, Ed.D., Demographic Specialist |
| DATE: | December 15, 2016 |
| RE: | Enrollment Projections by Town (dated October 17, 2016) |

We are pleased to send you the enclosed documents displaying the past, present, and projected enrollments for the Hamilton-Wenham School District. We have used the figures given to us by the District and we assume that the method of collecting the enrollment data has been consistent from year to year. It is worth noting that this time of transition is the most difficult of the past 25 years to reliably forecast future enrollments, due to the irregular/uneven pace of communities recovering from the effects of the economic cycle upon real estate markets and school enrollments.

NESDEC's enrollment projection totals from fall of 2015 data for Hamilton-Wenham came within 6 students of the actual Grade K12 enrollment total for fall, 2016 ( 1,684 projected v. 1,678 actual). In Hamilton, Grades K-12, 1,090 pupils were projected v. 1,082 enrolled a difference of 8 students. In Wenham, Grades K-12, 594 students were forecast v. 596. Hamilton is shrinking by about 38 students per year, while Wenham is increasing by 12 students per year.

The two factors now at work which will have the greatest effect upon future enrollments are: a. a steady, though smaller, number of births to Hamilton-Wenham residents and, b. new in-migration - which had slowed, due to the 2008 Recession. The students currently in Grades 1-10 were born during a period when Hamilton-Wenham was averaging 132 births per year. More recently (and expected over the next 6-7 years) are 105-112 births annually... averaging about 109 births per year. Hamilton births are about 14 fewer than in the recent decade, whereas Wenham births are down about 9 from that same time period. Hard-hit Connecticut experienced an 8.6\% decline in births from 2007 to 2009 (in part caused by the economic Recession), the largest decline among the six New England states - followed by an $8.1 \%$ decline in Rhode Island births, the two states with the highest rates of unemployment in the New England region - Massachusetts births declined by only $\mathbf{- 3 . 9 \%}$ over these three years. Economists are forecasting a slow-yet-steady
recovery from the current rates of unemployment which, in turn, may lead to additional in-migration and births. The unemployment rate as of October, 2016 in RI was 5.5\%; CT 5.1\%; US non-farm unemployment 4.9\%; ME 4.0\%; New England average 3.9\%; MA $3.3 \%$; VT $3.3 \%$; and NH $2.8 \%$ - other nearby states: PA $5.8 \%$; NJ $5.2 \%$; and NY $5.2 \%$. The rate of unemployment influences the likelihood of improving real estate sales, residential construction and thus affects the number of new families moving into the community - the US unemployment rate was above 10\% during the Great Recession of 2008.

The ever-changing relationship between Hamilton-Wenham births and Kindergarten enrollments is displayed on the B-K graph. The Hamilton School District, over the past seven years, has registered about 80 Kindergarteners for every 100 births (five years previous), a relationship which has been increasing; this fall there were 105 Kindergarteners for every 100 births five-years-prior. Wenham, for the past seven years, has enrolled 130 Kindergarteners per 100 births, yet in 2016-17 registered 154 Kindergarteners per 100 births five-years-prior. Across the Hamilton-Wenham District, NESDEC Kindergarten projections for 2015-16 anticipated 116 children v. 124 enrolled. Next year's Grade 1 is expected to be about $3 \%$ smaller than the previous year's Kindergarten class in Hamilton, and 17\% larger in Wenham.
"Hidden Trends" within the district: Like many nearby communities, Hamilton-Wenham continues to experience fluctuations in enrollment and in/out-migration in Grades 1-8. There are additional trends and counter-trends to consider. More so than other grade levels, Grades 1-8 in most districts tend to be quite stable in their numbers. Grades 9-12 are excluded from the calculation as there tends to be an average $7 \%$ decrease for reasons having little to do with students moving out of the community. Re the Grade 1-8 stability, if last year the Grade 1-7 total was 500 children, then (if no one moved in or out) this fall's Grades $2-8$ would equal about 500 - the same cohort of children. Because Grades 1-8 tend to be the most stable in total K-12 enrollment, these Grades 1-8 are excellent places to discover "hidden trends" that otherwise might go unnoticed and provide a useful yardstick by which to measure a district's tendency toward in-/out-migration. In the case of Hamilton-Wenham, we know that the school district is currently experiencing a "net in/migration" of families with school age children the last five years. For example, in 2016-17 Hamilton's Grade 1-7 group of 614 children from 2015-16 decreased by 18 children to 596 in Grades 2-8 this year. This has averaged a decrease of 13 children per year over the last three of the past five school years. Wenham on the other hand, had 316 children in Grades 1-7 last year, increasing by 13 children to 329 students in Grades 2-8 in 2016-17 - Wenham's increase consistently has averaged 12 children over each of the past five years. The presence of a mixed in/out-migration trend is evidence of the complexity of enrollments in these unsettled economic times. Analysis of these hidden trends provides an additional benchmark by which to assess enrollment trends.

Over the next three years of these projections, K-5 Hamilton enrollments are forecast to decrease by 79 children; and Wenham to grow by 25 students. After that point these projections show decreasing enrollment in Grades K-5 of 98 Hamilton
students, and increasing enrollment of 3 students in Wenham. That said, it is possible that real estate turnover will have increased further, bringing in additional new families - see the "Projections" page. Although the Year \#1-3 forecast likely will occur, the longer-term future is better viewed as a possible direction which may be affected by improved real estate conditions. That longer-term future also will be affected by the number of babies-yet-to-be-born...it is quite likely that the birth numbers will increase as the new families move in.

Will these patterns of increasing enrollments really last for as long as ten years? That is difficult to answer. All projections are more reliable for Years \#1-5 in the future; and less reliable in Years \#6-10 - as some many factors can change. As soon as the economy and real estate situation become more stable in the region, additional in-migration may occur in Hamilton-Wenham School District. Many communities in the region sold during 2008-2014 only about $60-80 \%$ as many homes as in 2003-2007. In the case of Hamilton, the town was selling about 76 homes per year "one the bubble" prior to the 2008 Recession; this number declined to 61 homes in 2008 ( $80 \%$ of the earlier pace). Sales have recovered to 102 in 2013, 97 tin 2015, and are poised to exceed 90 in 2016. Wenham was closing on an average of 41 homes "on the bubble", a pace decreasing to 21 home sales in 2009. In 2013, sales rose to 67 homes, followed by 61 in 2015 - and should top 50 homes in 2016. Building permits had slowed as well; see the "Additional Data" table below. As additional families move in, any forecasted declines may moderate. See the description on Page 4 below regarding "reliability of projections". The birth numbers used in the projections, through 2014, are from the MA Department of Public Health. The "estimated" years, beginning with 2015 are a rolling five-year average, which NESDEC has found to be the most accurate method of estimation. Local City/Town Clerks have up-to-date information on local births however do not have access to the number of Hamilton-Wenham residents born out-of-state (information which will eventually become known to the MA DPH).

The two most difficult grades to forecast in all districts are Kindergarten and Grade 9. The latter is difficult to anticipate, as there are so many options for Grade 9 (in vocational or agricultural schools, private or parochial non-public schools, etc.). Kindergarten can be difficult to project based upon births alone, as many districts have large numbers of "net move-ins/move-outs" who are ages 1-4.
Some districts take extra steps to track 3 and 4-year olds with a local census, or report to NESDEC the known number of 4year olds in local preschools/nursery schools which typically enroll Kindergarteners in the district. Knowing this information helps NESDEC to project Kindergarteners more reliably... as does data from the Kindergarten Screening in districts which also track 3 and 4-year old siblings (or neighbors) at that time. The more data, in addition to births, which is sent to NESDEC regarding the incoming Kindergarten class, the greater is the chance that "enrollment surprises" will be minimized.

Will many new families be moving into our school district? Everyday across America, 10,000 "Baby Boomers" celebrate their $65^{\text {th }}$ birthday - a phenomenon which will continue for a decade. New England has a disproportionately large share of these senior citizens, many of whom had planned to "downsize" their living arrangements, yet postponed putting homes on the market due to the Great

Recession. School enrollments are influenced strongly by the number of real estate sales, as these contribute new families moving into many districts. In over $80 \%$ of districts, the number of real estate sales is $4-5$ times larger than the number of building permits for new residential construction - thus the number of real estate sales often is a more important factor than building permits.

In New England, how rapidly will additional homes be placed on the market? A mid-2014 study using data from the Federal Housing Finance Agency, Bureau of Economic Analysis and the U.S. Census Bureau directly links home prices to the "real Gross Domestic Product" (GDP) in each of the nine regions in the country. However New England ranks only $7^{\text {th }}$ among the 9 regions in the recovery of its regional economy (as measured in "the bubble" prior to the Recession, in "real GDP"). Comparing the regional economies from 2 Quarter of 2007 to 4 Quarter 2013: W. South Central = +18.6\% (that is, many jobs are available); W. North Central $+11.8 \%$; Pacific $+7.4 \%$; E. South Central $+5.6 \%$; Middle Atlantic $+5.1 \%$; Mountain $+4.1 \%$; New England $+3.4 \%$; South Atlantic + $2.1 \%$; and E. North Central $+2.0 \%$. Home sales prices are $+14.6 \%$ in the W. South Central region (including Texas, Arkansas, Louisiana, and Oklahoma) with the strongest "real G.D.P." v. $-4.4 \%$ in New England. Thus, although real estate sales and rentals are very strong in some New England towns and cities, there are many senior citizens still refraining from placing their homes on the market - as house prices still may be rising. New England births, however, are likely to remain at low levels, due to the advanced age of the New England population.

## Analyzing Your Enrollment

## Historical Public Enrollments

1. After the "YEAR" column can be found the "BIRTHS" column. The number of births to residents for each of eleven years is displayed. Note any trends, e.g., have births been decreasing? increasing? leveling off? Kindergarten and Grade 1 enrollments normally are quite responsive to these fluctuations.
2. Look down the $K$ and 1 columns, noting the direction of the trend. This affords a comparison of these classes over a ten-year period. Add the $K$ and Grade 1 enrollments of the first school year recorded, and compare them with the sum of the current $K$ and Grade 1 enrollments.
3. Take the first K class and follow it diagonally to trace its movement to Grade 1,2 , etc. up to its current 10 th grade status. This comparison (which can be accomplished for other classes also) gives some measure of the effects of migration in your school district. If a sixth grade class today is larger than it was as a K class six years ago, then net in-migration probably has occurred; if it is smaller, then net out-migration probably has occurred.
4. Compare each K class with the previous year's graduating class. Note which is larger and by what amount one surpasses the other. Larger graduating classes generally reflect declining enrollments; larger K classes generally indicate increasing enrollments.
5. In the "Grade Combinations" section, note the trends of elementary, middle school and high school enrollments. A significant and consistent trend in these summaries usually results in the corresponding trend for projected enrollments. If enrollments are leveling off in the elementary grades after a period of decline, then the secondary enrollments might be expected to continue to decline for several years until the leveling off experience has had time to take hold at the secondary grades.

## Enrollment Projections

1. Note the trends exhibited in the total K-12 (or 1-12) projection for the next five years as well as the projections for various grade
combinations. The trends on this page should generally exhibit a continuation of the trends mentioned above for historical enrollments, although the rate of change may be quite different.
2. Look at the births in the most recent years and note whether the trend is up, down, or level.
3. Make similar comparisons as appropriate on this page as were suggested for the "Historical Public Enrollments" page.

## PROJECTION METHODOLOGY

Cohort component (survival) technique is a frequently used method of preparing enrollment forecasts. NESDEC uses this method, but modifies it in order to move away from forecasts which are wholly computer or formula driven. Such modification permits the incorporation of important, current town-specific information into the generation of the enrollment forecasts (such as the volume of real estate sales, building permits, in/outmigration, etc.). Basically, percentages are calculated from the historical enrollment data to determine a reliable percentage of increase or decrease in enrollment between any two grades. For example, if 100 students enrolled in Grade 1 in 2014-15, increased to 104 students in Grade 2 in 2015-16, the percentage of survival would have been $104 \%$ or a ratio of 1.04 . Such ratios are calculated between each pair of grades or years in school over several recent years.

After study and analysis of the historical ratios, and based upon a reasonable set of assumptions regarding births, migration rates, retention rates, etc., ratios most indicative of future growth patterns are determined for each pair of grades. The ratios thus selected are applied to the present enrollment statistics for a pre-determined number of years. The ratios used are the key factors in the reliability of the projections, given the validity of the data at the starting point. The strength of the ratios lies in the fact that each ratio encompasses collectively the variables that account for increases or decreases in the size of a grade enrollment as it moves on to the next grade. Each ratio represents the cumulative effect of the following factors:

1. Real estate turnover and new residential construction;
2. Migration, in or out, of the schools;
3. Drop-outs, transfers, etc.;
4. Births to residents;
5. Retention in the same grade.

## RELIABILITY OF ENROLLMENT PROJECTIONS

Projections can serve as useful guides to school administrators for educational planning. In this regard, the projections are generally most reliable when they are closest in time to the current year. Projections six to ten years out may serve as a guide to future enrollments, and are useful for facility planning purposes. However, they should be viewed as subject to change given the likelihood of changes in the underlying assumptions/trends.

Projections that are based upon the children who already are in the district (the current K -12 population only) will be the most reliable; the second level of reliability will be for those children already born into the community but not yet old enough to be in school. A less reliable category is the group for which an estimate must be made to predict the number of births, thereby adding an additional variable. See these three multi-colored groupings on the "Projected Enrollment" slide/page.

How often do the actual enrollments closely match the NESDEC projections? The research literature reports the closest that enrollment forecasters are likely to come to actual enrollments is about $1 \%$ variance per year-from-the-known-data. That is, a $1 \%$ variance from projection-toactual "one-year-out" into the future ( $2 \%$ variance "two-years-out" ... $10 \%$ variance "ten-years-out"). NESDEC reaches this "highest possible" standard in about $90 \%$ of cases. When our NESDEC variance is greater, the reasons often are one of the following: a. imbedded/intervening "hidden" variables (examples: a parochial school closed or other students returned from non-public schools, a charter school opened, the Kindergarten program changed entrance age or to extended/full-day, the high school toughened its course credit/graduation requirements, the District set new attendance boundaries for elementary schools, or the District had well-publicized budget/referendum academic accreditation difficulties); b. the District size was below 500 students, thus subject to fluctuations in total numbers; or c. the District has not done enrollment projections on an annual basis.

Annual updates allow for early identification of recent changes in historical trends. When the actual enrollment in a grade is significantly different (high or low) from the projected number, it is important (yet difficult) to determine whether this is a one-year aberration or whether a new trend may have begun. In light of this possibility, NESDEC urges all school districts to have updated enrollment forecasts developed by NESDEC each October. This service is available at no cost to affiliated school districts.

## Using This Information Electronically

If you would like to extract the information contained in this report for your own documents or presentations, you can use Adobe Acrobat reader to convert the desired information to a "snapshot," which can be inserted into PowerPoint slides, Word documents, etc. Because the snapshot tool creates a graphic, the image is not editable.

Steps for Using The Snapshot Tool in Adobe Acrobat Reader:

1. Click on Edit Menu (earlier versions of Adobe Reader might require you to click on the Tools menu and then choose "Select and Zoom;");
2. Choose "Take a Snapshot" (or "Snapshot Tool" in earlier versions);
3. Click and drag around the text, chart, and/or graphics that you would like to capture: your selection will be copied to the clipboard automatically;
4. Click in the document where you would like the information to appear;*
5. Give Paste command.

If you have an earlier version of Adobe Acrobat and these instructions don't work for you, contact your tech support person, or NESDEC and we will try to assist you. Telephone (508)481-9444 or ep@nesdec.org. Ask for Carol or Christina.
*You may paste your snapshot onto a PowerPoint slide, onto an Excel sheet, or even into a graphics program to save as a separate graphic file (in .jpg or other format), so that it is available for inserting into future documents.

## Hamilton-Wenham RSD Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2001 | 146 | 2006-07 | 34 | 143 | 129 | 140 | 141 | 148 | 174 | 170 | 178 | 154 | 161 | 149 | 147 | 157 | 0 | 1991 | 2025 |
| 2002 | 156 | 2007-08 | 29 | 125 | 141 | 130 | 146 | 144 | 146 | 165 | 166 | 177 | 139 | 163 | 147 | 143 | 0 | 1932 | 1961 |
| 2003 | 149 | 2008-09 | 33 | 124 | 132 | 145 | 135 | 147 | 144 | 144 | 166 | 158 | 168 | 135 | 167 | 149 | 0 | 1914 | 1947 |
| 2004 | 127 | 2009-10 | 19 | 127 | 133 | 135 | 151 | 133 | 148 | 142 | 143 | 172 | 144 | 165 | 139 | 157 | 0 | 1889 | 1908 |
| 2005 | 142 | 2010-11 | 11 | 132 | 125 | 132 | 144 | 155 | 134 | 150 | 144 | 141 | 154 | 138 | 156 | 134 | 0 | 1839 | 1850 |
| 2006 | 123 | 2011-12 | 20 | 101 | 131 | 127 | 137 | 149 | 148 | 135 | 149 | 142 | 148 | 161 | 143 | 152 | 2 | 1825 | 1845 |
| 2007 | 133 | 2012-13 | 28 | 120 | 106 | 139 | 134 | 137 | 146 | 156 | 138 | 148 | 134 | 145 | 162 | 141 | 0 | 1806 | 1834 |
| 2008 | 114 | 2013-14 | 23 | 120 | 121 | 119 | 133 | 135 | 139 | 142 | 154 | 141 | 132 | 129 | 144 | 158 | 0 | 1767 | 1790 |
| 2009 | 119 | 2014-15 | 18 | 142 | 128 | 123 | 121 | 135 | 135 | 136 | 139 | 153 | 128 | 128 | 129 | 136 | 0 | 1733 | 1751 |
| 2010 | 112 | 2015-16 | 28 | 119 | 146 | 123 | 129 | 125 | 140 | 132 | 135 | 135 | 143 | 128 | 125 | 127 | 0 | 1707 | 1735 |
| 2011 | 106 | 2016-17 | 31 | 124 | 121 | 141 | 130 | 126 | 127 | 130 | 134 | 137 | 124 | 142 | 119 | 123 | 0 | 1678 | 1709 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 909 | 875 | 1045 | 1377 | 676 | 502 | 332 | 946 | 614 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 861 | 832 | 997 | 1340 | 654 | 508 | 343 | 935 | 592 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 860 | 827 | 971 | 1295 | 612 | 468 | 324 | 943 | 619 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 846 | 827 | 969 | 1284 | 605 | 457 | 315 | 920 | 605 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 833 | 822 | 972 | 1257 | 569 | 435 | 285 | 867 | 582 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 813 | 793 | 928 | 1219 | 574 | 426 | 291 | 895 | 604 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 810 | 782 | 938 | 1224 | 588 | 442 | 286 | 868 | 582 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 790 | 767 | 909 | 1204 | 576 | 437 | 295 | 858 | 563 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 802 | 784 | 920 | 1212 | 563 | 428 | 292 | 813 | 521 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 810 | 782 | 914 | 1184 | 542 | 402 | 270 | 793 | 523 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 800 | 769 | 899 | 1170 | 528 | 401 | 271 | 779 | 508 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 1991 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 1932 | -59 | $-3.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 1914 | -18 | $-0.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 1889 | -25 | $-1.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 1839 | -50 | $-2.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 1825 | -14 | $-0.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 1806 | -19 | $-1.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 1767 | -39 | $-2.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 1733 | -34 | $-1.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1707 | -26 | $-1.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1678 | -29 | $-1.7 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 3 1 3}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{- 1 5 . 7} \%$ |  |  |  |

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## Hamilton-Wenham RSD Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2016

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## Hamilton-Wenham RSD Projected Enrollment

| Enrollment Projections By Grade* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2011 | 106 |  | 2016-17 | 31 | 124 | 121 | 141 | 130 | 126 | 127 | 130 | 134 | 137 | 124 | 142 | 119 | 123 | 0 | 1678 | 1709 |
| 2012 | 123 |  | 2017-18 | 31 | 107 | 129 | 119 | 146 | 133 | 129 | 123 | 130 | 134 | 126 | 123 | 138 | 116 | 0 | 1653 | 1684 |
| 2013 | 110 |  | 2018-19 | 32 | 95 | 112 | 127 | 124 | 148 | 138 | 124 | 123 | 129 | 124 | 125 | 119 | 134 | 0 | 1622 | 1654 |
| 2014 | 110 |  | 2019-20 | 32 | 95 | 99 | 111 | 132 | 126 | 152 | 134 | 124 | 122 | 118 | 123 | 121 | 116 | 0 | 1573 | 1605 |
| 2015 | 105 | (prov.) | 2020-21 | 33 | 92 | 100 | 98 | 117 | 134 | 130 | 147 | 133 | 123 | 112 | 117 | 119 | 118 | 0 | 1540 | 1573 |
| 2016 | 111 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 33 | 96 | 97 | 99 | 103 | 119 | 138 | 126 | 147 | 134 | 113 | 111 | 114 | 116 | 0 | 1513 | 1546 |
| 2017 | 112 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 34 | 97 | 101 | 96 | 104 | 105 | 123 | 134 | 126 | 147 | 125 | 112 | 108 | 111 | 0 | 1489 | 1523 |
| 2018 | 110 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 34 | 95 | 102 | 100 | 101 | 106 | 109 | 120 | 133 | 127 | 136 | 124 | 109 | 105 | 0 | 1467 | 1501 |
| 2019 | 109 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 35 | 96 | 100 | 101 | 105 | 103 | 110 | 106 | 119 | 134 | 117 | 135 | 120 | 106 | 0 | 1452 | 1487 |
| 2020 | 109 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 35 | 96 | 101 | 99 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 120 | 124 | 116 | 131 | 118 | 0 | 1438 | 1473 |
| 2021 | 110 | (est.) | 2026-27 | 36 | 96 | 101 | 100 | 104 | 108 | 111 | 104 | 107 | 107 | 112 | 123 | 112 | 128 | 0 | 1413 | 1449 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis in order to reflect changes in births, real estate sales, in-/out-migration of families, and housing construction.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already born $\qquad$ Based on students already enrolled

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 800 | 769 | 899 | 1170 | 528 | 401 | 271 | 779 | 508 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 794 | 763 | 886 | 1150 | 516 | 387 | 264 | 767 | 503 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 776 | 744 | 868 | 1120 | 514 | 376 | 252 | 754 | 502 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 747 | 715 | 849 | 1095 | 532 | 380 | 246 | 724 | 478 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 704 | 671 | 818 | 1074 | 533 | 403 | 256 | 722 | 466 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 685 | 652 | 778 | 1059 | 545 | 407 | 281 | 735 | 454 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 660 | 626 | 760 | 1033 | 530 | 407 | 273 | 729 | 456 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 647 | 613 | 733 | 993 | 489 | 380 | 260 | 734 | 474 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 650 | 615 | 721 | 974 | 469 | 359 | 253 | 731 | 478 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 651 | 616 | 723 | 949 | 440 | 333 | 226 | 715 | 489 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 656 | 620 | 724 | 938 | 429 | 318 | 214 | 689 | 475 |


| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1678 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 1653 | -25 | $-1.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 1622 | -31 | $-1.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 1573 | -49 | $-3.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 1540 | -33 | $-2.1 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 1513 | -27 | $-1.8 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 1489 | -24 | $-1.6 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 1467 | -22 | $-1.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 1452 | -15 | $-1.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 1438 | -14 | $-1.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 1413 | -25 | $-1.7 \%$ |  |  |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 2 6 5}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{- 1 5 . 8} \%$ |

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## TESDEF

## Hamilton-Wenham RSD Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2026 Based On Data Through School Year 2016-17


[^4]
## TESDIEF Hamilton-Wenham RSD Historical \& Projected Enrollment


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## TLSSDES <br> Hamilton-Wenham RSD Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship


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## Hamilton, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2001 | 103 | 2006-07 | 22 | 103 | 88 | 95 | 86 | 99 | 122 | 121 | 119 | 95 | 112 | 105 | 105 | 113 | 0 | 1363 | 1385 |
| 2002 | 118 | 2007-08 | 24 | 81 | 100 | 85 | 101 | 88 | 98 | 115 | 116 | 119 | 86 | 112 | 101 | 104 | 0 | 1306 | 1330 |
| 2003 | 107 | 2008-09 | 25 | 86 | 83 | 102 | 91 | 103 | 90 | 94 | 116 | 110 | 108 | 84 | 114 | 100 | 0 | 1281 | 1306 |
| 2004 | 86 | 2009-10 | 14 | 80 | 93 | 87 | 107 | 92 | 104 | 87 | 94 | 121 | 100 | 109 | 86 | 106 | 0 | 1266 | 1280 |
| 2005 | 110 | 2010-11 | 6 | 109 | 79 | 94 | 91 | 110 | 91 | 108 | 89 | 96 | 111 | 98 | 101 | 83 | 0 | 1260 | 1266 |
| 2006 | 93 | 2011-12 | 14 | 77 | 102 | 80 | 97 | 92 | 105 | 89 | 108 | 90 | 102 | 116 | 101 | 99 | 2 | 1260 | 1274 |
| 2007 | 100 | 2012-13 | 23 | 90 | 80 | 101 | 83 | 102 | 89 | 106 | 91 | 106 | 86 | 105 | 112 | 100 | 0 | 1251 | 1274 |
| 2008 | 93 | 2013-14 | 18 | 80 | 89 | 87 | 97 | 84 | 98 | 86 | 107 | 93 | 93 | 79 | 106 | 107 | 0 | 1206 | 1224 |
| 2009 | 91 | 2014-15 | 15 | 98 | 75 | 86 | 86 | 95 | 84 | 91 | 83 | 104 | 80 | 88 | 80 | 99 | 0 | 1149 | 1164 |
| 2010 | 89 | 2015-16 | 24 | 81 | 98 | 72 | 89 | 87 | 95 | 81 | 92 | 81 | 98 | 80 | 86 | 76 | 0 | 1116 | 1140 |
| 2011 | 80 | 2016-17 | 27 | 84 | 79 | 95 | 71 | 86 | 84 | 90 | 82 | 88 | 70 | 98 | 73 | 82 | 0 | 1082 | 1109 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 615 | 593 | 714 | 928 | 457 | 335 | 214 | 649 | 435 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 577 | 553 | 668 | 903 | 448 | 350 | 235 | 638 | 403 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 580 | 555 | 649 | 875 | 410 | 320 | 226 | 632 | 406 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 577 | 563 | 650 | 865 | 406 | 302 | 215 | 616 | 401 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 580 | 574 | 682 | 867 | 384 | 293 | 185 | 578 | 393 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 567 | 553 | 642 | 840 | 392 | 287 | 198 | 616 | 418 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 568 | 545 | 651 | 848 | 392 | 303 | 197 | 600 | 403 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 553 | 535 | 621 | 821 | 384 | 286 | 200 | 585 | 385 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 539 | 524 | 615 | 802 | 362 | 278 | 187 | 534 | 347 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 546 | 522 | 603 | 776 | 349 | 254 | 173 | 513 | 340 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 526 | 499 | 589 | 759 | 344 | 260 | 170 | 493 | 323 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 1363 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 1306 | -57 | $-4.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 1281 | -25 | $-1.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 1266 | -15 | $-1.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 1260 | -6 | $-0.5 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 1260 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 1251 | -9 | $-0.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 1206 | -45 | $-3.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 1149 | -57 | $-4.7 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 1116 | -33 | $-2.9 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1082 | -34 | $-3.0 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 2 8 1}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{- 2 0 . 6} \%$ |  |  |  |

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## Hamilton, MA Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2016


[^5]| Enrollment Projections By Grade* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2011 | 80 |  | 2016-17 | 27 | 84 | 79 | 95 | 71 | 86 | 84 | 90 | 82 | 88 | 70 | 98 | 73 | 82 | 0 | 1082 | 1109 |
| 2012 | 96 |  | 2017-18 | 27 | 64 | 82 | 76 | 95 | 70 | 85 | 80 | 90 | 79 | 78 | 69 | 95 | 69 | 0 | 1032 | 1059 |
| 2013 | 87 |  | 2018-19 | 27 | 58 | 62 | 79 | 76 | 94 | 69 | 80 | 80 | 87 | 70 | 77 | 67 | 90 | 0 | 989 | 1016 |
| 2014 | 86 |  | 2019-20 | 27 | 57 | 56 | 60 | 79 | 75 | 93 | 65 | 80 | 77 | 77 | 69 | 74 | 63 | 0 | 925 | 952 |
| 2015 | 82 | (prov.) | 2020-21 | 27 | 54 | 55 | 54 | 60 | 78 | 74 | 88 | 65 | 77 | 68 | 76 | 67 | 70 | 0 | 886 | 913 |
| 2016 | 86 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 27 | 57 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 59 | 77 | 70 | 88 | 63 | 68 | 67 | 74 | 63 | 0 | 845 | 872 |
| 2017 | 87 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 27 | 58 | 55 | 50 | 53 | 53 | 58 | 73 | 70 | 85 | 56 | 67 | 65 | 70 | 0 | 813 | 840 |
| 2018 | 86 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 27 | 57 | 56 | 53 | 50 | 52 | 52 | 55 | 73 | 68 | 76 | 55 | 65 | 61 | 0 | 773 | 800 |
| 2019 | 85 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 27 | 57 | 55 | 54 | 53 | 49 | 51 | 49 | 55 | 71 | 60 | 75 | 53 | 61 | 0 | 743 | 770 |
| 2020 | 85 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 27 | 57 | 55 | 53 | 54 | 52 | 48 | 48 | 49 | 53 | 63 | 59 | 73 | 50 | 0 | 714 | 741 |
| 2021 | 86 | (est.) | 2026-27 | 27 | 57 | 55 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 51 | 45 | 48 | 47 | 47 | 62 | 57 | 69 | 0 | 697 | 724 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis in order to reflect changes in births, real estate sales, in-/out-migration of families, and housing construction.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already born $\qquad$ Based on students already enrolled

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 526 | 499 | 589 | 759 | 344 | 260 | 170 | 493 | 323 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 499 | 472 | 552 | 721 | 334 | 249 | 169 | 480 | 311 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 465 | 438 | 518 | 685 | 316 | 247 | 167 | 471 | 304 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 447 | 420 | 485 | 642 | 315 | 222 | 157 | 440 | 283 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 402 | 375 | 463 | 605 | 304 | 230 | 142 | 423 | 281 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 379 | 352 | 422 | 573 | 298 | 221 | 151 | 423 | 272 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 354 | 327 | 400 | 555 | 286 | 228 | 155 | 413 | 258 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 347 | 320 | 375 | 516 | 248 | 196 | 141 | 398 | 257 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 346 | 319 | 368 | 494 | 226 | 175 | 126 | 375 | 249 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 346 | 319 | 367 | 469 | 198 | 150 | 102 | 347 | 245 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 349 | 322 | 367 | 462 | 191 | 140 | 95 | 330 | 235 |


| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 1082 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 1032 | -50 | $-4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 989 | -43 | $-4.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 925 | -64 | $-6.5 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 886 | -39 | $-4.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 845 | -41 | $-4.6 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 813 | -32 | $-3.8 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 773 | -40 | $-4.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 743 | -30 | $-3.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 714 | -29 | $-3.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 697 | -17 | $-2.4 \%$ |  |  |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 3 8 5}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{- 3 5 . 6} \%$ |

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## TESDEF

## Hamilton, MA Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2026 Based On Data Through School Year 2016-17


[^6]
## HESDEE

## Hamilton, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2026

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# Hamilton, MA Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship 


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## ILSSDES

## Hamilton, MA Additional Data

| Building Permits Issued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Single-Family | Multi-Units |
| 2005 | 3 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
| 2012 | 3 | 0 |
| 2013 | 10 | 0 |
| 2014 | 5 | 0 |
| 2015 | 5 | 0 |
| 2016 | 3 to May 31 | 0 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Enrollment History } \\ \text { Voc-Tech } \\ \text { Y-12 Total }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Non-Public <br>

K-12 Total\end{array}\right]\).

Source: HUD and Building Department

| Residents in Non-Public Independent and Parochial Schools (General Education) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enrollments as of Oct. 1 | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | K-12 TOTAL |
|  | 11 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 16 | 22 | 17 | 25 | 16 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 23 | 235 |


| K-12 Home-Schooled Students |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 42 |



The above data were used to assist in the preparation of the enrollment projections. If additional demographic work is needed, please contact our office.
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## HESTEF

## Wenham, MA Historical Enrollment

| Historical Enrollment By Grade |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2001 | 43 | 2006-07 | 12 | 40 | 41 | 45 | 55 | 49 | 52 | 49 | 59 | 59 | 49 | 44 | 42 | 44 | 0 | 628 | 640 |
| 2002 | 38 | 2007-08 | 5 | 44 | 41 | 45 | 45 | 56 | 48 | 50 | 50 | 58 | 53 | 51 | 46 | 39 | 0 | 626 | 631 |
| 2003 | 42 | 2008-09 | 8 | 38 | 49 | 43 | 44 | 44 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 60 | 51 | 53 | 49 | 0 | 633 | 641 |
| 2004 | 41 | 2009-10 | 5 | 47 | 40 | 48 | 44 | 41 | 44 | 55 | 49 | 51 | 44 | 56 | 53 | 51 | 0 | 623 | 628 |
| 2005 | 32 | 2010-11 | 5 | 23 | 46 | 38 | 53 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 55 | 45 | 43 | 40 | 55 | 51 | 0 | 579 | 584 |
| 2006 | 30 | 2011-12 | 6 | 24 | 29 | 47 | 40 | 57 | 43 | 46 | 41 | 52 | 46 | 45 | 42 | 53 | 0 | 565 | 571 |
| 2007 | 33 | 2012-13 | 5 | 30 | 26 | 38 | 51 | 35 | 57 | 50 | 47 | 42 | 48 | 40 | 50 | 41 | 0 | 555 | 560 |
| 2008 | 21 | 2013-14 | 5 | 40 | 32 | 32 | 36 | 51 | 41 | 56 | 47 | 48 | 39 | 50 | 38 | 51 | 0 | 561 | 566 |
| 2009 | 28 | 2014-15 | 3 | 44 | 53 | 37 | 35 | 40 | 51 | 45 | 56 | 49 | 48 | 40 | 49 | 37 | 0 | 584 | 587 |
| 2010 | 23 | 2015-16 | 4 | 38 | 48 | 51 | 40 | 38 | 45 | 51 | 43 | 54 | 45 | 48 | 39 | 51 | 0 | 591 | 595 |
| 2011 | 26 | 2016-17 | 4 | 40 | 42 | 46 | 59 | 40 | 43 | 40 | 52 | 49 | 54 | 44 | 46 | 41 | 0 | 596 | 600 |


| Historical Enrollment in Grade Combinations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 294 | 282 | 331 | 449 | 219 | 167 | 118 | 297 | 179 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 284 | 279 | 329 | 437 | 206 | 158 | 108 | 297 | 189 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 280 | 272 | 322 | 420 | 202 | 148 | 98 | 311 | 213 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 269 | 264 | 319 | 419 | 199 | 155 | 100 | 304 | 204 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 253 | 248 | 290 | 390 | 185 | 142 | 100 | 289 | 189 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 246 | 240 | 286 | 379 | 182 | 139 | 93 | 279 | 186 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 242 | 237 | 287 | 376 | 196 | 139 | 89 | 268 | 179 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 237 | 232 | 288 | 383 | 192 | 151 | 95 | 273 | 178 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 263 | 260 | 305 | 410 | 201 | 150 | 105 | 279 | 174 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 264 | 260 | 311 | 408 | 193 | 148 | 97 | 280 | 183 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 274 | 270 | 310 | 411 | 184 | 141 | 101 | 286 | 185 |


| Historical Percentage Changes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6 - 0 7}$ | 628 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7 - 0 8}$ | 626 | -2 | $-0.3 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 8 - 0 9}$ | 633 | 7 | $1.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 9 - 1 0}$ | 623 | -10 | $-1.6 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 0 - 1 1}$ | 579 | -44 | $-7.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 1 - 1 2}$ | 565 | -14 | $-2.4 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 - 1 3}$ | 555 | -10 | $-1.8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 3 - 1 4}$ | 561 | 6 | $1.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 4 - 1 5}$ | 584 | 23 | $4.1 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 5 - 1 6}$ | 591 | 7 | $1.2 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 596 | 5 | $0.8 \%$ |
| Change | $\mathbf{- 3 2}$ |  |  |

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## Wenham, MA Historical Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2016


[^7]
## Wenham, MA Projected Enrollment

| Enrollment Projections By Grade* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Birth Year | Births |  | School Year | PK | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | UNGR | K-12 | PK-12 |
| 2011 | 26 |  | 2016-17 | 4 | 40 | 42 | 46 | 59 | 40 | 43 | 40 | 52 | 49 | 54 | 44 | 46 | 41 | 0 | 596 | 600 |
| 2012 | 27 |  | 2017-18 | 4 | 43 | 47 | 43 | 51 | 63 | 44 | 43 | 40 | 55 | 48 | 54 | 43 | 47 | 0 | 621 | 625 |
| 2013 | 23 |  | 2018-19 | 5 | 37 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 54 | 69 | 44 | 43 | 42 | 54 | 48 | 52 | 44 | 0 | 633 | 638 |
| 2014 | 24 |  | 2019-20 | 5 | 38 | 43 | 51 | 53 | 51 | 59 | 69 | 44 | 45 | 41 | 54 | 47 | 53 | 0 | 648 | 653 |
| 2015 | 24 | (prov.) | 2020-21 | 6 | 38 | 45 | 44 | 57 | 56 | 56 | 59 | 68 | 46 | 44 | 41 | 52 | 48 | 0 | 654 | 660 |
| 2016 | 25 | (est.) | 2021-22 | 6 | 39 | 45 | 46 | 49 | 60 | 61 | 56 | 59 | 71 | 45 | 44 | 40 | 53 | 0 | 668 | 674 |
| 2017 | 25 | (est.) | 2022-23 | 7 | 39 | 46 | 46 | 51 | 52 | 65 | 61 | 56 | 62 | 69 | 45 | 43 | 41 | 0 | 676 | 683 |
| 2018 | 24 | (est.) | 2023-24 | 7 | 38 | 46 | 47 | 51 | 54 | 57 | 65 | 60 | 59 | 60 | 69 | 44 | 44 | 0 | 694 | 701 |
| 2019 | 24 | (est.) | 2024-25 | 8 | 39 | 45 | 47 | 52 | 54 | 59 | 57 | 64 | 63 | 57 | 60 | 67 | 45 | 0 | 709 | 717 |
| 2020 | 24 | (est.) | 2025-26 | 8 | 39 | 46 | 46 | 52 | 55 | 59 | 59 | 57 | 67 | 61 | 57 | 58 | 68 | 0 | 724 | 732 |
| 2021 | 24 | (est.) | 2026-27 | 9 | 39 | 46 | 47 | 51 | 55 | 60 | 59 | 59 | 60 | 65 | 61 | 55 | 59 | 0 | 716 | 725 |

*Projections should be updated on an annual basis in order to reflect changes in births, real estate sales, in-/out-migration of families, and housing construction.
$\square$ Based on an estimate of births
$\square$ Based on children already born $\qquad$ Based on students already enrolled

| Projected Enrollment in Grade Combinations* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | PK-5 | K-5 | K-6 | K-8 | $\mathbf{5 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{6 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 8}$ | $\mathbf{7 - 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{9 - 1 2}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 274 | 270 | 310 | 411 | 184 | 141 | 101 | 286 | 185 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 295 | 291 | 334 | 429 | 182 | 138 | 95 | 287 | 192 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 311 | 306 | 350 | 435 | 198 | 129 | 85 | 283 | 198 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 300 | 295 | 364 | 453 | 217 | 158 | 89 | 284 | 195 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 302 | 296 | 355 | 469 | 229 | 173 | 114 | 299 | 185 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 306 | 300 | 356 | 486 | 247 | 186 | 130 | 312 | 182 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 306 | 299 | 360 | 478 | 244 | 179 | 118 | 316 | 198 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 300 | 293 | 358 | 477 | 241 | 184 | 119 | 336 | 217 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 304 | 296 | 353 | 480 | 243 | 184 | 127 | 356 | 229 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 305 | 297 | 356 | 480 | 242 | 183 | 124 | 368 | 244 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 307 | 298 | 357 | 476 | 238 | 178 | 119 | 359 | 240 |


| Projected Percentage Changes |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | K-12 | Diff. | $\%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 6 - 1 7}$ | 596 | 0 | $0.0 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 7 - 1 8}$ | 621 | 25 | $4.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 8 - 1 9}$ | 633 | 12 | $1.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0}$ | 648 | 15 | $2.4 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 1}$ | 654 | 6 | $0.9 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 2}$ | 668 | 14 | $2.1 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 2 - 2 3}$ | 676 | 8 | $1.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 3 - 2 4}$ | 694 | 18 | $2.7 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 4 - 2 5}$ | 709 | 15 | $2.2 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 5 - 2 6}$ | 724 | 15 | $2.1 \%$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 6 - 2 7}$ | 716 | -8 | $-1.1 \%$ |  |  |
| Change | $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ |  |  |  | $\mathbf{2 0 . 1} \%$ |

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## TESMDEA

## Wenham, MA Projected Enrollment

PK-12 TO 2026 Based On Data Through School Year 2016-17


[^8]
## HESDEF

## Wenham, MA Historical \& Projected Enrollment

PK-12, 2006-2026

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## ITSSDER

## Wenham, MA Birth-to-Kindergarten Relationship


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## NESDIES

## Wenham, MA Additional Data

| Building Permits Issued |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Year | Single-Family | Multi-Units |
| 2005 | 3 | 0 |
|  |  |  |
| 2012 | 2 | 0 |
| 2013 | 6 | 0 |
| 2014 | 6 | 0 |
| 2015 | 4 | 4 |
| 2016 | 6 to Oct 31 | 4 to Oct 31 |


| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Enrollment History } \\ \text { Voc-Tech } \\ \text { Year }\end{array}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | \(\left.\begin{array}{c}Non-Public <br>

K-12 Total\end{array}\right]\)

> Source: HUD and Building Department

| Residents in Non-Public Independent and Parochial Schools (General Education) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Enrollments as of Oct. 1 | K | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | K-12 TOTAL |
|  | 7 | 3 | 6 | 1 | 13 | 9 | 13 | 19 | 16 | 13 | 10 | 20 | 9 | 139 |


| K-12 Home-Schooled Students |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2016 | 11 |



The above data were used to assist in the preparation of the enrollment projections. If additional demographic work is needed, please contact our office.
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## MEMORANDUM

From: William Shields
To: Board of Selectmen: Hamilton and Wenham
Town Manager/Town Administrator
Town Moderators
Re: Citizens' Petitions
Date: January 20, 2017

Tuesday morning I will deliver Petitions to Hamilton and Wenham for inclusion in the Warrant of each Town of the following article:

To see if the Town will direct the Selectmen to appoint a joint committee with the Selectmen of the [Town of Hamilton/Town of Wenham] to study the acquisition by purchase, eminent domain, or otherwise of all or a portion of parcels of land in Hamilton designated Lots A, $B, C$, and $D$ as shown on a Plan of Land entitled Plan of Longmeadow Way dated October 15, 1980 and recorded in Essex Registry of Deeds at Plan Book 161, Plan 31 for school, recreational, and/or other municipal use and to report findings, recommendations, and proposed action, if any, to the 2018 Annual Town Meeting or such earlier town meeting as may be called to consider the issue, said committee to consist of a Selectman from each member Town, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Joint Recreation Board, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Regional School Committee, and one or more residents from each member town, or such other membership structure and membership as the Selectmen from both towns shall mutually agree, or take any other action thereon or relative thereto.

The article has the unanimous support of the Regional School Committee.

## Summary.

1. The article proposes a study of the acquisition of all or a portion of Longmeadow.
2. The article asks both Towns to consider a once-in-a-lifetime opportunity to add land to the campus of the Regional for school, recreational, or other municipal use.
3. This is the only unrestricted, available land adjacent to the Regional.
4. Longmeadow is available. Developers Miller and Farnham have agreed to sell the land. Developers Miller and Farnham are entitled to fair market value, no more no less.
5. Harborlight no longer has site control. Harborlight, if it had site control, would still propose 108 units of low and affordable income housing (See Basic Report to Hamilton Selectmen of this week) adjacent to the Regional.
6. Miller and Farnham have proposed what amounts to two 40B developments, Farnham: 28; MIller: up to 140 units; for a total of 168 units adjacent to the Regional.
7. The Hamilton Selectmen, AHT, and Planning Board have unanimously ((with one abstention) rejected the 108 unit development of Longmeadow as a "friendly" 40B.
8. Longmeadow has three futures:

Remain as three residential lots (as restricted by 1980 order of the Planning Board).

40B development of a minimum of 108 units adjacent to the Regional.
Be acquired by the Towns or the Regional for school or recreational purposes in perpetuity.
9. Let Hamilton and Wenham decide their own future rather than be force-fed by real estate developers.

## Longmeadow Study Committee

## I. Motions Passed at 2017 Annual Town Meetings

In HAMILTON: I move that the Town request the Selectmen to appoint a joint committee with the Selectmen of the Town of Wenham to study the acquisition by purchase, eminent domain, or otherwise of all or a portion of parcels of land in Hamilton designated Lots A, B, C, and D as shown on a Plan of Land entitled Plan of Longmeadow Way dated October 15, 1980 and recorded in Essex Registry of Deeds at Plan Book 161, Plan 31 for school, recreational, and/or other municipal use and to report findings, recommendations, and proposed action, if any, to the 2018 Annual Town Meeting or such earlier town meeting as may be called to consider the issue, said committee to consist of a Selectman from each member Town, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Joint Recreation Board, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Regional School Committee, and one or more residents from each member town, or such other membership structure and membership as the Selectmen from both towns shall mutually agree; action under this article does not call for any appropriation of funds.

In WENHAM: I move that the Town request the Selectmen to appoint a joint committee with the Selectmen of the Town of Hamilton to study the acquisition by purchase, eminent domain, or otherwise of all or a portion of parcels of land in Hamilton designated Lots A, B, C, and D as shown on a Plan of Land entitled Plan of Longmeadow Way dated October 15, 1980 and recorded in Essex Registry of Deeds at Plan Book 161, Plan 31 for school, recreational, and/or other municipal use and to report findings, recommendations, and proposed action, if any, to the 2018 Annual Town Meeting or such earlier town meeting as may be called to consider the issue, said committee to consist of a Selectman from each member Town, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Joint Recreation Board, a member of the Hamilton Wenham Regional School Committee, and one or more residents from each member town, or such other membership structure and membership as the Selectmen from both towns shall mutually agree; action under this article does not call for any appropriation of funds.

## II. Formation of Joint Committee

Structure, membership. and appointment of Committee as Selectmen from both towns mutually agree.

## III. The Parcels of Land

Lots A, B, C, and D on 1980 Plan recorded in Essex Registry of Deeds.
a. 1980 Plan attached as Exhibit A
b. History of Ownership attached as Exhibit B
c. Aerial View of Longmeadow attached as Exhibit C
d. Two Letters received from Miller lawyer attached as Exhibit D

## IV. Assessors Records: Assessed Values Taxable 2017:

Lot A (1 Longmeadow) \$809,600
Lot B (3 Longmeadow) \$748,300
Lot C (5 Longmeadow) \$730,400
Lot D ( 11,933 sq. ft.) $\$ 3,900$

## V. Regional School Committee: Purchase and Eminent Domain

Chapter 71, Section 16: Status; powers and duties
A regional school district established under the provisions of the preceding section shall be a body politic and corporate with all the powers and duties conferred by law upon school committees, and with the following additional powers and duties:
(c) To acquire property within the towns comprising the district under the provisions of chapter seventy-nine [the eminent domain statute] and section fourteen of chapter forty [municipal purchase] for the purposes of the district and to construct, reconstruct, add to, remodel, make extraordinary repairs to, equip, organize and operate a school or schools for the benefit of the towns comprising the district, and to make any necessary contracts in relation thereto; provided, however, that no property shall be acquired unless the town in which such property is located approves such acquisition by a two-thirds vote at a town meeting which shall be called within sixty days after the district committee authorizes the incurring of debt for such purpose.

## Chapter 79, Sec. 2

Where no other provision is made by law, a taking of land by eminent domain... by or on behalf of a district [is made] by its prudential committee....

## Chapter 40, Sec. 14

The ... selectmen of a town may purchase, or take by eminent domain under chapter seventynine, any land, easement or right therein within the ... town; but no land, easement or right therein shall be taken or purchased under this section unless the taking or purchase thereof has previously been authorized by...vote of the town, nor until an appropriation of money, to be raised by loan or otherwise, has been made for the purpose by a two thirds vote...of the town, and no lot of land shall be purchased for any municipal purpose by any city subject to this section for a price more than twenty-five per cent in excess of its average assessed valuation during the previous three years.

## HW District Agreement

Any acquisition would be a "capital cost" under Sec. IV(A)(1) and apportioned pursuant to Sec. IV(B). Any authorization of debt would be governed by Section IX.

## Conclusion.

Any acquisition or purchase or the incurring of indebtedness will require $2 / 3$ vote of both towns.


## History of Ownership of Lots A, B, C, and D

1980: J. Kurt Miller and Janet B. Miller, owners of Longmeadow, divide the property into four lots, of which three are buildable (Lots A, B, C). See Plan of Land dated May 27, 1980. Plan Book 161, Page 31. Planning Board endorses, "Lots A, B, C, and D shall not be subdivided."

1985: Millers sell Lot B to J. Keating Willcox: 4.0012 acres. Millers retain ownership of Longmeadow Way. Book 7628, Page 261.

1987: J. Kurt Miller transfers to Janet Miller: Lot A: 4.0731 acres subject to easements of record. Book 9717, Page 519.

1988: Janet Miller transfers to J. Kurt Miller: Lots D and C: 11,933 sq. ft. and 3.0807 acres respectively. Book 9717,Page 515.

1991: Janet Miller sells Lot A to Albert Holler. Book 10825, Page 204.

1995: Albert Holler sells Lot A to Minot and Sara Frye. Book 12926, Page 253.

2003: Minot Frye transfers his interest in Lot A to Sara Frye. Book 20744, Page 4256

2008: Sara Frye sells Lot A to James and Linda Farnham. Book 27799, PAGE 143.

2009: J. Keating Willcox sells Lot B to J. Miller and Jacqueline C. Miller, as tenants by the entirety. Book 27491, Page 131.

Today: J. Kurt Miller owns Lots C and D and the road J. Kurt Miller and Jacqueline C. Miller own Lot B James and Linda Farnham own Lot A.


Aerial View

#  <br>  <br> Glovsky \& Glovsky llc <br> attorneys at haw <br> $\because$ <br> September 13, 2016 

Andrew DeFranza, Executive Director
Harborlight Communities Partners, Inc. -
P.O. Box 507
Beverly MA 01915
RE:: Proposed Deveiopment of Properiy Off Longmeadow, Wav. Hamilton
Dear Mr. DeFranza:
As you know, this firm represents Mr. Kurt Miller, the owner of 3 and 5 Longmeadow Way. It has been our understanding that Harborlight Community Partners intends to present a development plan to the To f H upon 1, 3 and 5 Longmeadow Way.

It has come to our attention that on July 19, 2016, you appeared before the Planning Board to propose an alternative design of 24 units to be built only upon the property located at 1 Longmeadow Way. Naturally, this came as a surprise to our client, since it was his belief that your proposed project included the development of all three lots.

In the event that Harborlight decides not to proceed with the development of 3 and 5 Longmeadow Way, it is our client's intent to build a 40B project on his property. His plan is to construct two buildings which would contain a total of up to 140 units. We ask that you take these future development plans into account should you go forward and build only on 1 Longmeadow Way. The road improvements required to support even a scaled down project must be built with the development of 3 and 5 Longmeadow Way kept in mind. Please contact me if you if you have any questions regarding the foregoing.


PCW:mfs
cc: Mr. J. Kurt Miller

# GLOVSKY 

Counselors-at-Law
Philip C. Wysor
pwysor@olovsky
pwysor@giovskyx2.com
Direct Dial $(978) 720-3112$

April 27, 2017

## HAND DELIVERED

William W. Wilson, Chairman
Hamilton Buard of Selectmen
Hamilton Town Hall
Hamilton, MA 01936
RE: J. Kurt Miller
3 and 5 Longmeadow Way
Dear Mr. Wilson.
Please be advised that this office represents Mr. J. Kurt Miller, the owner of the 2 above-referenced properties. He has owned 3 Longmeadow Way for 10 years and 5 Longmeadow Way for over 30 years.

In all of his years of ownership, no one has ever approached him for either property to be used for expansion of the high school. Only after a 40B project was proposed for the property was the possibility aised to take the property for project.

In the event that the Town determines to take the property by eminent domain rather than by purchase
Mr. Miller would expect compensation based upon the proposed number of dwelling units which could be Mr. Miller would expect compensation based upon the proposed number of dwelling units which
built under a 40B project. It is estimated that a total of 140 dwelling units could be built at the 3
built under a 40B project. It is estimated that a total of 140 dwelling units could be built at the 3
Longmeadow Way location. At a value of $\$ 40,000.00$ per unit, the total compensation being sought by
Longmeadow Way location. At a val
Mr. Miller would be $\$ 5,600,000.00$.
PCW:mfs
ce: Mr. J. Kurt Miller
RECEIPT ACKNOWLEDGED:
April_, 2017


BY: ... APR 272017
(00088885-1)


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