

A1) many solutions

A2) Momentum is conserved in this collision. the two cars become 1 body afterwards.

A2)



$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_A + P_B = P_{AB}$$

$$m_A v_A + m_B v_B = 2m v_{AB}$$

$$m(-12) + m(7) = 2m v_{AB}$$

$$-5 = 2v_{AB}$$

$$v_{AB} = -2.50 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\boxed{2.50 \text{ m/s West}}$$

A3) the collision is elastic. the momentum of the ball changes due to impulse by ground.

A3)

$$PE_f = KE_B$$

$$m = .025 \text{ kg}$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\Delta t = .1235$$

$$(9.81)(2.33) = \frac{1}{2} v^2$$

$$v_f = -6.76 \text{ m/s} \quad \text{elastic} \quad v_p = +6.76 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta p = F \Delta t$$

$$m \Delta v = F \Delta t$$

$$m(v_f - v_i) = F \Delta t$$

$$(.025)(6.76 + 6.76) = F(.1235)$$

$$\boxed{F = 2.75 \text{ N}}$$

A4) As the astroblaster falls it gains momentum due to the impulse of gravity. When it impacts the ground the momentum of all the balls is transferred to the little ball so it leaves at a high velocity.

A5) Momentum is conserved so the momentum must be zero before and after

$$A5) \quad m_E = 5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$$

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_B = P_u + P_E$$

$$0 = m_u v_u + m_E v_E$$

$$0 = (70)(7.66) + (5.97 \times 10^{24}) v_E$$

$$v_E = -8.98 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m/s}$$

A6) Momentum must be conserved during this inelastic collision, the bodies merge after the collision.

A6)

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_{B1} + P_C = P_{BC}$$

$$m_B v_B + m_C v_C = m_{BC} v_{BC}$$

$$(0.05)(380) + 0 = (3.05) v_{BC}$$

$$v_{BC} = 6.23 \text{ m/s}$$

A7) Both momentum and KE are conserved.

$$A7) \quad P_B = P_A$$

$$KE_B = KE_A$$

$$P_B + P_R^0 = P_B' + P_R'$$

$$KE_B = KE_B' + KE_R'$$

$$(0.05)(380) = (0.05)v_B' + (3)v_R'$$

$$380 = v_B' + 60v_R'$$

$$v_B' = 380 - 60v_R'$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(0.05)(380)^2 = \frac{1}{2}(0.05)v_B'^2 + \frac{1}{2}(3)v_R'^2$$

$$380^2 = v_B'^2 + 60v_R'^2$$

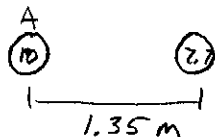
$$380^2 = (380 - 60v_R')^2 + 60v_R'^2$$

$$380^2 = 380^2 - 2(380)(60)v_R' + 3600v_R'^2$$

$$0 = -2(380)(60)v_R' + 3660v_R'^2$$

$$v_B' = -368 \text{ m/s} \quad v_R' = 12.4 \text{ m/s}$$

A8)



$$m_T x_{cm} = m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2$$

$$17.7 x_{cm} = 10(0) + (7.7)(1.35)$$

$$x_{cm} = .587 \text{ m}$$

from center 10

A9) you have same A9)

mass as friend.

Momentum is

conserved so the

velocity must

lower.

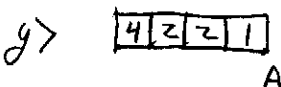
$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_u + P_f = P_{uf}$$

$$(42)0 + (42+4)(2.53) = (42+4+42) v_{uf}$$

$$v_{uf} = 1.32 \text{ m/s}$$

B)



z) 1/2 way up

$$m_T = 9m$$

$$m_T x_{cm} = m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3 + m_4 x_4$$

$$9m x_{cm} = 4m(\frac{1}{2}L) + m(1.5L) + m(2.5L) + 3m(3.5L)$$

$$9 x_{cm} = 2L + 1.5L + 2.5L + 10.5L$$

$$x_{cm} = 1.83L$$

$$m_T y_{cm} = m_1 y_1 + m_2 y_2 + m_3 y_3 + m_4 y_4$$

$$9m y_{cm} = m(.5L) + 2m(1.5L) + 2m(1.5L) + 4m(3.5L)$$

$$9 y_{cm} = .5L + 3L + 3L + 14L$$

$$y_{cm} = 2.28L$$

B2) Momentum is conserved when the bullet hits the block. The collision gives the block & bullet combo KE. It swings upward till this KE is changed to PE.

B2)

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_{B1} + P_{B1}^0 = P_{BB}$$

$$(.035)(430) = (.035 + 2.78) V_{BB}$$

$$V_{BB} = 5.35 \text{ m/s}$$

$$KE_B = PE_T$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m_{BB}^2 V_{BB}^2 = m_{BB}^2 gh$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (5.35)^2 = (9.81)h$$

$$h = 1.46 \text{ m}$$

B3) Momentum is conserved in this inelastic collision.

B3)

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_m + P_s = P_{ms}$$

$$(85)(8) + 0 = (85 + 40) V_{ms}$$

$$V_{ms} = 5.44 \text{ m/s}$$

B4) The friction provides the impulse to bring the momentum of the block to zero.

B4)

$$F_f = \mu F_N = \mu mg$$

$$F \Delta t = \Delta p = m \Delta v$$

$$\mu mg \Delta t = m (v_f - v_i)$$

$$-(.84)(9.81) \Delta t = (0 - 4.4)$$

$$\Delta t = .534 \text{ s}$$

B5) momentum
is conserved
in the system.

B5)

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$0 = P_6 + P_B$$

$$0 = (3.5)V_6 + (.06)(430)$$

$$V_6 = -7.37 \text{ m/s}$$

B6) the momentum
is conserved. Since
it is an elastic
collision and they
have the same
mass the first
body stops and
the second moves
off with the first's
velocity.

B6)

$$\Delta p = F \Delta t$$

$$P_2 - P_1 = F \Delta t$$

$$(5)(3) - 0 = F(.103)$$

$$F = 146 \text{ N}$$

B7) The momentum
of the system
is transferred to
the Superball

B7)

$$PE_T = KE_B$$

$$mgh = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$(9.81)(1) = \frac{1}{2} v^2$$

$$v = 4.43 \text{ m/s}$$

$$P_B = P_A$$

$$P_{SRB} = P_S$$

$$(.012 + .2)(4.43) = (.012) v_3$$

$$v_3 = 78.2 \text{ m/s}$$

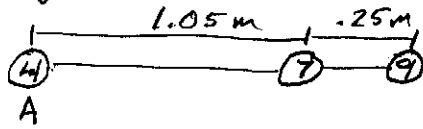
$$KE_B = PE_T$$

$$\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = mgh$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (78.2)^2 = (9.81)h$$

$$h = 312 \text{ m}$$

B87



$$M_1 x_{cm} = m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3$$

$$(4 + 7 + 9) x_{cm} = 4(0) + 7(1.05) + 9(1.30)$$

$$x_{cm} = .952 \text{ m}$$